Bombay Gazette,
ELECTRIC PRINTING WORKS,
No. 2, Green Street, Fort, Bombay.

Newspaper, Book, Job and Fancy Printing of every description executed in the best style. Estimates forwarded on application.

THE

Bombay Gazette.

No. 55,101—New Series. BOMBAY:—TUESDAY, AUGUST 2. 1910. PRICE: ONE ANNA.

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NESTLÉ'S CONDENSED MILK
RICHEST IN CREAM
UNTOUCHED BY HAND.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL S. N. COMPANY.

LIST OF DEPARTURES FROM BOMBAY FOR MARSEILLES & LONDON WITH LIBERTY TO CALL AT BRINDISI AND MALTA.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
27th August	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
29th "	EGYPT	7913	....	....
30th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
31st "	HIMALAYA	6898	....	....
2nd Sept.	SALSETTE	6000	MARMORA	10509
4th "	OCEANA	6810	....	....
7th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10690
9th "	PERSIA	7951	....	....
1st Oct.	SALSETTE	6000	MOOLTAN	9631
3rd "	ARABIA	7903	....	....
5th "	SALSETTE	6000	CHINA	7512
19th "	EGYPT	7913	....	....
22nd "	MANTUA	10885	....	....
26th "	HIMALAYA	6898	....	....
4th Nov.	SALSETTE	6000	MALWA	10883
12th "	MAMMORA	10509	....	....
26th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512

The above Steamers convey Passengers to Marseilles, Plymouth and London.

Passengers for Brindisi transhipped to a connecting Steamer at Port Said.

Tenders leave the CARNAC BUNDER on day of sailing. All passengers must attend at that place at 1 P. M. for Medical Inspection by the Health Officer of the Port.

Friends of Passengers cannot go on board the Mail Steamer.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, AUSTRALIA AND NEWZEALAND.

The Company's Steamers leave Bombay fortnightly, usually on WEDNESDAYS, taking Passengers for the Straits, China and Japan, and Return Tickets are issued on favourable terms.

HOMEWARD PASSENGER SEASON, 1911.

Date of Sailing.	Steamer.	Tons.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
18th Feb.	SALSETTE	6000	MANTUA	10885
25th "	ARABIA	7903	....	....
4th March	MALWA	10883	....	....
11th "	EGYPT	7913	....	....
18th "	SALSETTE	6000	MACEDONIA	10512
22nd "	* ARCADIA	7000	....	....
25th "	PERSIA	7951	....	....
1st April	MARMORA	10509	....	....
8th "	CALEDONIA	7536	....	....
15th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOLDAVIA	9500
22nd "	MANTUA	10885	....	....
29th "	SALSETTE	6000	MONGOLIA	9505
6th May	ARABIA	7903	....	....
13th "	SALSETTE	6000	MOREA	10690
20th "	EGYPT	7913	....	....

The above Mail Steamers are fitted with WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY.

*INTERMEDIATE PASSENGER STEAMER, At Special Rates.

The S. S. "ARCADIA," 7,000 tons, will leave BOMBAY at 2 p.m. on WEDNESDAY, 22nd MARCH, 1911 direct for MARSEILLES, PLYMOUTH and LONDON, conveying Passengers in ONE CLASS only at SPECIAL FARES.

	Single.	Return.
To Marseilles	Rs. 495 or Rs. 594	Rs. 743 or Rs. 891
To London by Sea	Rs. 528 or Rs. 627	Rs. 792 or Rs. 940

These rates include the Surtax.

For Accommodation and further information apply to

A. H. FROOM,
Acting Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. CO.

THE ELLERMAN LINES OF STEAMERS. (CITY AND HALL LINES).

Approximate Sailings from Bombay and Karachi, for Marseilles, Liverpool, etc.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Bombay, 1910.	Leave Karachi, 1910.
C. City of Manchester	8900	...	August 13
B. City of Lucknow	6000	...	" 21
A. Trafford Hall	8000	...	" 25
C. City of Karachi	9400	...	Sept. 8
B. Lockaley Hall	‡500	...	" 13
B. City of Naples	9000	...	" 23
C. City of York	11000	...	Oct. 4

A. 1st Class Passenger Steamers fitted throughout with Electric Light and Fans, and carrying both Surgeon and Stewardess.

B. Cargo Boats carrying neither Surgeon nor Stewardess having accommodation for 2—12 passengers.

C. Steamers which have both First and Second Class accommodation.

No extra charge for Express Service or two Berthed Cabins.

Electric Fans free.

Concession granted to families, Railway employees, Hospital Nurses, Missionaries, Tea Planters, etc.

Officers of the Army are exempted from the penalty attached to overstaying their leave by reason of delay in arrival of Steamer provided it is timed to arrive within the period of their leave.

OUTWARD AUTUMN SAILINGS, 1910.

In conjunction with the Homeward 1910 sailings for those desirous of returning in 6, 8, and 9 months, etc.

Steamers.	Tons.	Leave Liverpool.	Due Bombay.
*B. City of Lucknow	5900	...	Aug. 26
*C. City of York	11000	Aug. 22	Sept. 13
‡C. City of Glasgow	9500	Sept. 17	Oct. 10
*C. City of Calcutta	11000	" 22	" 15
‡C. City of London	11000	Oct. 17	Nov. 6
*A. Trafford Hall	8000	" 26	" 19

* Calling at Naples. ‡ Calling at Marseilles.

JOINT SERVICE.

In connection with
NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN
TO
MARSEILLES, NAPLES, GENOA, ANTWERP, HAMBURG & BREMEN.

Through rates of passage money may be obtained For passages and full particulars apply to—

Bombay:—Messrs. Ed. Bates & Sons Agency.
Messrs. KILLICK NIXON & Co., Agents.
Karachi:—Messrs. Forbes, Forbes Campbell & Co., Ltd.

BOMBAY AMERICAN LINE.

DIRECT SAILINGS MONTHLY.

TAKING CARGO for NEW YORK, BOSTON, PHILADELPHIA, or BALTIMORE.

For further particulars regarding freight, etc., apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
TURNER, MORRISON & Co.,
Agents.

SHIPPING.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, Ld.

INTEND TO DESPATCH STEAMERS AS FOLLOWS:—

FOR KARACHI. (Direct.)

T. S. "LINGA," 2,171 tons, on Friday, 5th Aug. at 6 a. m. or later on arrival of English Mail Steamer.

FOR KARACHI AND BUSHEH (Weekly).

S. S. "DWARKA," 1,695 tons, on Thursday, 4th Aug. sailing (for Mails and Passengers) at Muscat, Sunjare, Mahoumra, also taking Passengers and cargo on through bookings to Ahwaz and Baghdad.

FOR KARACHI AND PERSIAN GULF (Weekly).

S. S. "WAROONGA," 2,113 tons, on Monday, 8th Aug. sailing as Karachi, Pasni, Gwadur, Muscat, Bunder Abbas, Linga, Dubai, Bahrein, Bushire and Koweit.

FOR COAST PORTS AND CALCUTTA. (Fortnightly.)

A STEAMER sailing on or about the 13th August.

FOR RANGOON OR CALCUTTA (Direct).

Frequent sailings, for particulars of which, also as to onward connections to ports in Arracan, Burma, Straits Settlements, Mauritius, Australia, and New Zealand.

Apply to
MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & CO.,
Agents, Bombay.
1st August, 1910.

GRINDLAY, GROOM & CO.,

BANKERS, ARMY, & PASSENGER AGENTS, BOMBAY.

PASSAGE & SHIPPING.

PASSAGES	Booked without charge.
BERTHS	Carefully Selected.
STEAMER PLANS	Sent for Inspection.
HANDBOOK	Giving details of Fares, Sailings, &c., gratis.
BAGGAGE	Shipped and Insured.
PASSENGERS	Met on arrival.
CALCUTTA :	GRINDLAY & Co.
LONDON :	GRINDLAY & Co.

AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

UNDER MAIL CONTRACT WITH THE AUSTRIAN GOVERNMENT

ACCELERATED LINE TO TRIESTE.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail on.
KORREHR	5423	A. Foresti	1st Sept.
AFRICA	4719	E. Seberich	1st October
KORREHR	5423	A. Foresti	1st November
BOHEMIA	4281	G. Gillhuber	16th "
AFRICA	4719	E. Seberich	1st December
BREGENZ	3894	A. de Petris	16th "

ORDINARY LINE via KARACHI.

Steamers.	Tons.	Captain.	To sail about
CHINA	6017	G. Berguglian	29th December

SPECIAL REDUCED FARES. ACCELERATED LINE.

Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice..... Rs. 450 & 500 *
Saloon Class to Trieste or Venice and back ..... " 675 to 750*
Saloon Class to London..... " 545 " 685*
Saloon Class to London and back..... " 865 " 1020*
Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice 350
Intermediate Class to Trieste or Venice and back..... " 525
Intermediate Class to London ..... " 445
Intermediate Class to London and back " 715
* Fares according to position of cabin and class of Railway.

ORDINARY LINE.

Single Class to Trieste or Venice ..... Rs. 450
Single Class to Trieste or Venice and back ..... " 675
Single Class to London ..... " 545 to 585 *
Single Class to London and back ..... " 865 to 945 *
* Fares according to class of Railway.

RETURN TICKETS available for TWO YEARS

ELECTRIC FANS AND LIGHTS are fitted in all the cabins free of charge.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Single and Return Tickets are issued via Trieste, the St. Gothards, Tauren and other Routes.

INTERCHANGEABLE RETURN TICKETS are issued to return either by Messageries Maritimes from Marseilles, or Navigazione Generale Italiana from Genoa or Naples to Bombay, or by North German Lloyd from Genoa to Colombo, or vice versa.

STEAMER TO JAPAN via COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, HONGKNOG, SHANGHAI, YOKOHAMA AND KOBE.

Steamer	Captain	Tons	To sail about
Austria	G. Raicich	7588	24th Aug, 1910

For further information regarding passages apply to

W. DENSO,
Agent, Austrian Lloyd's S. N. Co., Bombay

DEUTSCHE OST AFRIKA LINIE. (GERMAN EAST AFRIKA LINE)

Regular Fortnightly service from BOMBAY to DURBAN via ZANZIBAR.

THE following steamers will SAIL :—

Steamer.	Tons.	Capt.	To Sail about 1910.
a Kanzler	3,000	Ulrich	2nd Aug.
b Markgraf	3,680	Timm	20th "
a Somali	2,700	Greiwe	30th "

Taking passengers and cargo for LAMOO, MOMBASA, ZANZIBAR, GERMAN and PORTUGUESE COAST PORTS and DURBAN.

a Will carry also cargo and passengers for Cape Ports.
b Will call at Seychelles.

For Rates and Particulars apply to—

A. STRANDES & Co.,
Agents.
24, Medow Street, Bombay, 13th July, 1910.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,

BUYING AGENTS. PRODUCE AGENTS.

BUYING DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. having for many years been large Exporters to the East of HARDWARE, METALS, MACHINERY, STORES and GENERAL MERCHANDISE, offer their services to Firms abroad.
CATALOGUES OR QUOTATIONS FURNISHED.
CLOSEST PRICES ASSURED.

PRODUCE DEPARTMENT.—WM. J. KEYMER & CO. undertake the Sale of EASTERN PRODUCE on commission.
GENERAL AGENCY BUSINESS carefully conducted.
Correspondence Invited.

CODES USED—A1, A.B.C., International, Private, &c.

WILLIAM J. KEYMER & Co.,
66 Fenchurch Street, London, E.C.

SHIPPING

COMPAGNIE DES MESSAGERIES MARITIMES,

FRENCH MAIL STEAMERS.

TO MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on THURSDAY
DUMBEA	5,585	Rebufat	4th Aug† 1910.
SYDNEY	4,118	Costa	1st Sept. "
SALAZIE	4,147	Biquier	29th Sept. "
NERA	5,538	Martin	27th Oct. "
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Lafont	24th Nov. "
ARMAND BEHIC	6,385	X	22nd Dec. "
AUSTRALIEN	6,365	X	19th Jan 1911.

INTERCHANGEABLE TICKETS.

RETURN TICKETS can be made available for one way by the Messageries Maritimes, and the Return Voyage by the Austrian Lloyd's or the Navigazione General Italiana's at Reduced Fares.

TO AUSTRALIA DIRECT AND THE FAR EAST, TRANSHIPPING AT COLOMBO.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	To Sail on or about
NERA	5,538	Martin	13th Aug 1910.
CALEDONIEN	4,130	Lafont	9th Sept "

For further particulars apply to—

G. CHANDIZE,
Albert Building, Hornby Road. Agent.

BANKS.

COX & CO.,

BANKERS AND AGENTS.

BOMBAY, RAWAL PINDI, KARACHI, MURREE, AND SRINAGAR (KASHMIR).

BANKING BUSINESS of every description transacted.
CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and FIXED DEPOSITS received, rates of INTEREST to be obtained upon application.
LETTERS OF CREDIT issued, and DRAFTS granted on London at the Current Rate of Exchange, and on Branches and Agencies throughout India.
TELEGRAPHIC REMITTANCES made and ADDRESSES Registered in London free of charge.
INSURANCES of every description effected.
SHIPPING, PASSAGE AND AGENCY BUSINESS of every description, including IMPORT and EXPORT of CARGO and BAGGAGE, with STORAGE of Baggage and other goods, effected by COX'S SHIPPING AGENCY, Limited, in connection with Messrs. Cox & Co., SAILING LISTS and HANDBOOK supplied on application.
A copy of the half yearly Balance Sheet will be forwarded on application.

HEAD OFFICE :
16, CHARING CROSS, LONDON, W. S.

NATIONAL BANK OF INDIA, LD.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL.... £ 1,600,000
PAID UP CAPITAL..... £ 800,000
RESERVE FUND..... £ 800,000

HEAD OFFICE:
17, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN LONDON.

BRANCHES :

Calcutta,	Tuticorin,	Newera-Eliya,
Bombay,	Chittagong,	Aden (Camp.)
Madras,	Cochin,	Aden, (Steamer Point)
Karachi,	Rangoon,	Zanzibar,
Lahore	Mandalay,	Mombasa,
Amritsar,	Colombo,	Nairobi,
Delhi,	Kandy	Entebbe,
Cawnpore		

FIXED DEPOSITS.—The Bank receives DEPOSITS FIXED for one year and shorter periods, at Rates of Interest to be ascertained on application.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS are opened for approved Customers, and interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on daily balances from Rs. 1,000 up to Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE, payable in the principal Cities of Europe, India, China, Africa, and Australia purchased or collected.

DRAFTS are granted on the Head Office and Branches of the Bank and on the principal Cities of Europe, Africa, America, and Australia. Remittances may be made by telegram.

The Bank undertakes the purchase and sale of Government Securities, Stocks, and Shares and receive same for safe custody, realising Interest and Dividends when due.

LOANS and CASH CREDITS granted on approved Securities.

Post Box No. 141, BOMBAY. J. BLACK, Ag. Manager.

THE CREDIT BANK OF INDIA, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
"7, Green Street, Fort, Bombay."

BRANCHES :
Ahmedabad, Bhawnagar, Hyderabad-Sind and Karachi.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL,
Rs. 35,00,000.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 100 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum, and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 2 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed at 4 per cent. per annum, rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Rates for Fixed Deposits for 12 months and shorter periods to be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interests thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges particulars of which may be had on application.

JAFFER JOOSAB,
Manager.

POONA RACES, 1910.

COMMENCING SATURDAY, 30TH JULY.

With the help of a GOOD BINOCULAR you can obtain

THE BEST SPORT FOR YOUR MONEY.

Rs. 28-8.	The "VELDT" Binocular. A particularly large field and a good night glass. Suitable for Field, Marine or Theatre.
Rs. 35.	The "FLAMARION." A perfect field glass with achromatic lenses. Used by several Regiments in India and is considered most useful and a wonderful glass for all forms of sport.
Rs. 78-12.	Marcks' "PRISMATIC" Binocular. This glass compares favourably both in optical and mechanical construction with the best. Once carefully focussed always ready.
Rs. 70.	The "DERBY" Prismatic Binocular is English-made throughout. Possesses clear definition with a large field, can be focussed in a second.
Rs. 110.	GOERZ TRIEDER Binocular No. 20. Magnification 6x. Surface Magnification 36x.
Rs. 127.	GOERZ TRIEDER Binocular No. 30. Magnification 9x. Surface Magnification 81x.
Rs. 144.	GOERZ TRIEDER Binocular No. 40. Magnification 12x. Surface Magnification 144x.
	GOERZ TRIEDER Binocular exceeds the Magnifying power of any Binocular extant. They are practically powerful Telescopes in Binocular form.

The above prices include brown leather case with belt fittings and slings with each Binocular.
Prices are subject to 10 per cent. discount for cash.

MARCKS & CO., LTD.,

JEWELLERS, WATCHMAKERS, OPTICIANS,
BOMBAY & POONA.

B. O. C.

KEROSINE OILS.	PETROL.
LUBRICATING OILS.	GREASES.
GAS OILS.	CANDLES.
FUEL OIL.	WAX.

Apply for samples and quotations to :—

SHAW, WALLACE & CO., BOMBAY.

Agents, BURMAH OIL CO., LIMITED.

BANKS.

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

Paid up Capital	$ 15,000,000
Reserve Liability of Proprietors	$ 15,000,000
Silver Reserve Fund	$ 15,500,000
Gold Reserve Fund	£ 1,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS AND HEAD OFFICE IN HONGKONG.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES.

AMOY	JOHORE, (Malay Peninsula.)	PENANG
BANGKOK	KOBE	RANGOON
BATAVIA	KUALA LUMPUR (Federated Malay States.)	SAIGON
BOMBAY	LONDON	SAN FRANCISCO
CALCUTTA	LYONS	SHANGHAI
CANTON	MALACCA,	SINGAPORE
COLOMBO	MANILA	SOURABAYA
POOCHOW	NAGASAKI	TIENTSIN
HAMBURG	NEW YORK	YOKOHAMA
HANKOW	PEKING	YLOILO
HONGKONG		
IPOH (Federated Malay States.)		

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

Interest allowed at 2 per cent, per annum on Daily Balance of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided the sum accrued amount to Rs. 5 half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS

Are received for varying periods up to 12 months on term which may be ascertained on application.

Drafts granted on London and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

Credits granted, Bills purchased, and every discription of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

C. H. WILSON,
Agent.
CHURCH GATE STREET, BOMBAY.

THE BOMBAY MERCHANTS' BANK, LIMITED.

HEAD OFFICE:
MOTILAL MANSIONS, Apollo St., BOMBAY
BRANCHES :
Mumbadevi, Ahmedabad, Karachee, Calcutta and Rangoon.

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL
Rs. 1,00,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS opened and Interest allowed on daily balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 5 per half year will be allowed.

SAVINGS BANK. Interest allowed 4 per cent. Rules on application.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Amount for 12 months are received at 5 per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

LOANS, OVERDRAFTS AND CASH CREDITS.

The Bank grants accommodation on terms to be arranged against approved security.

The Bank undertakes on behalf of its constituents, the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

JAINARAYAN HINDUMAL DANI,
Managing Director.

BANKS.

CHARTERED BANK OF INDIA, AUSTRALIA AND CHINA,

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

CAPITAL	£1,200,000
RESERVE FUND	£1,600,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS	£1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE
4, BISHOPSGATE STREET, WITHIN, LONDON, E. C
AGENCIES AND BRANCHES :

Hamburg	Ipoh (Perak). F. M. S.	Manilla
Bombay	Medan Deli (S imatra)	Cebu
Calcutta	Singapore	Hongkong
Madras	Kwala Lumpor (F. M. S.)	Foochow
Rangoon	Klanz (F. M. States.)	Shanghai
Colombo	Seremban (F. M States.)	Tientsin
Karachi	Bangkok	Hankow
Amritsar	Batavia	Yokohama
Penang	Sourabaya	Kobe
Thaiping (Perak F. M. S.)	Saigon	New York

THE CORPORATION grant DRAFTS on the above Agencies and Branches, and also on the Principal Commercial Cities throughout the world; buy and receive for collection BILLS OF EXCHANGE; issue TRAVELLING LETTERS OF CREDIT; and undertake general Banking Business of every description.

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.—Interest is allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum Monthly Balances, if not under Rs. 1,000 and not exceeding Rs. 1,00,000, but no interest is allowed when the sum accrued does not amount to Rs. 5 half yearly.

Amounts above Rs. 1,00,000 will be received on terms which may be ascertained upon application.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES, STOCKS, and SHARES, bought and sold on account of clients, and also received for safe custody and collection of interest and Dividends when due.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for twelve months and shorter period at rates to be ascertained on application.

OFFICE HOURS 10-30 A.M. to 4 P.M.
Saturdays—11-30 A.M. to 2 P.M.
POST BOX No. 34,
Esplanade Road, Bombay. J. S. BRUCE, Acting Agent.

THE YOKOHAMA SPECIE BANK, LD.

ESTABLISHED 1880.

CAPITAL PAID-UP ..... Yen 24,000,000
RESERVE FUNDS ..... " 16,250,000

HEAD OFFICE :—YOKOHAMA.

BRANCHES AND AGENCIES AT :—

Antung-Hsien	Liaoyang	Ryojun Port
Changchung	Lyons	Arthur
Dairen (Dairy)	Mukden	Peking
Hankow	Nagasaki	San Francisco
Honolulu	Newchwang	Shanghai
Hongkong	New York	Tiehling
Kobe	Osaka	Tientsin
London		Tokyo

LONDON BANKERS :—
The Bank of England; The London Joint Stock Bank Ld.; The Union of London and Smiths Bank, Ld., The Parr's Bank, Ld.

BOMBAY BRANCH :—
LIBERAL INTEREST allowed on CURRENT ACCOUNT.
FIXED DEPOSITS on terms to be learnt on application.
CREDITS granted on approved securities, and every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.
DRAFTS granted on JAPAN and the Chief Commercial places in the World.
K. KODAMA.
Manager.
BOMBAY OFFICE—
Albert Buildings
Hornby Road Fort. Bombay

CLARKES. B. 41. PILLS

A warranted cure for all acquired or constitutional Discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex. These famous Pills also cure Gravel, Pains in the Back and all Kidney Disorders. Free from mercury. Forty years' success. Sold by all Chemists and Storekeepers throughout the world.

Standard Oil Company of New York,

MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

Largest Importers of and Dealers in :—

Kerosine and Lubricating Oils.
Pratt's Motor Spirit.
Pratt's Genuine Spirit or Turpentine
Grease.
Paraffine Wax, &c., &c.

Kerosine Oil Brands :—

Snowflake 150° in cases.
Chester 125° " "
Monkey 125° " "
Elephant in tins and bulk.

EMPIRE OF INDIA Life Assurance Company, Limited.

Head Office: BOMBAY.

Last year's business—Rs. 60,00,000.

INTENDING ASSURERS ARE INVITED TO COMPARE TH RATES AND CONDITIONS OF THE Empire of India Life Office WITH THOSE OF ANY OTHER COMPANY.

Before entering into a Contract for Life Assurance examine the ANNUAL REPORT AND BALANCE SHEET To satisfy yourself of the position of the Company.

THE PREMIUMS are so moderate that, at the usual ages for assurance, Rs. 1,200 or Rs. 1,250 may be saved from the first for a yearly payment which would generally elsewhere assure Rs. 1,000 only—the difference of Rs. 200 or Rs. 250 being equivalent to an immediate and certain Bonus of 20 or 25 per cent.

Prospectus, Proposal forms and full particulars may be obtained from

E. F. ALLUM, *General Manager.*

PLAGUE PREVENTION

DISINFECT WITH SULPHUR DI-OXIDE GAS

CLAYTON SYSTEM

MACHINES SUPPLIED TO THE INDIAN GOVERNMENT CROWN AGENTS FOR THE COLONIES, Etc., Etc.

THE CLAYTON DISINFECTING Co., 22 CRAVEN St., LONDON, W.C.

NOW READY PRICE Rs. 3.

THE Bombay Gazette

EXCHANGE TABLES.

(REVISED AND ENLARGED.)

STERLING INTO RUPEES.

RUPEES INTO STERLING.

ADVANCING BY 32NDS FROM

1s. 3¾d. to 1s. 4²³⁄₃₂d.

ALSO

Tables of Par Conversion—Commission—Interest—Decimal Values—Due Dates.

SECOND EDITION.

"THE BOMBAY GAZETTE" OFFICE.
2, GREEN STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

1909.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS.

The insertion of Advertisements in the "Bombay Gazette" is not guaranteed unless they are delivered at the Office by 6 p.m. on the day preceding that on which they are to appear.

THE ANCHOR LINE S. S. "CASTALIA" has ARRIVED from GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL and discharges in the Victoria Dock.

Consignees are requested to present their Bills of Lading for our COUNTER-SIGNATURE and to TAKE DELIVERY of their GOODS without delay.

Packages exceeding 30 cwts. in weight will be landed on the quay at the risk and expense of Consignees, unless boats are sent alongside to take delivery without delay. Consignees are hereby expressly notified that all claims for damage must be adjusted by the Steamer's Surveyor before the goods are removed from the Landing Shed. The Undersigned decline all responsibility in respect of goods removed to the Wadiahand Warehouse. All claims must be presented before the sailing of the steamer, otherwise none will be entertained.

Captain METCALFE will attend every morning.

Holders of Through Bills of Lading are requested to make written, not verbal, application regarding their goods, failing the Undersigned will not be responsible for any delay caused by Consignees not being advised of arrival of such goods.

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.

Graham's Buildings,
Bombay, 1st August, 1910.

THE PECHEY PHIPSON SANITARIUM FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN, NASIK.

THIS SANITARIUM is situated close to NASIK Railway Station and consists of 15 small cottages in a compound of about 11 acres. It is intended to accommodate convalescents from Bombay of all races who cannot afford to go to a Hotel or Dak Bungalow. Each cottage is plainly furnished and male relatives are allowed to accompany their families.

The climate at Nasik from June to March is delightful, and the dry bracing air of the Deccan speedily restores health and strength to the jaded Bombay invalid.

No rent is charged, but a fee of Rs. 15 per mensem for a large cottage or Rs. 10 for a small one has to be paid to cover Bheesti and Halalkhore charges.

The cottages are granted for one month at a time.

The sanitarium is under the personal supervision of a European Superintendent (Mr. J. M. Dart) who does all that is possible to make visitors comfortable.

Application for cottages should be made to

THE HONORARY SECRETARIES,
Pechey Phipson Sanitarium for Women and Children,
6, Apollo Street,
Bombay.

NOTICE is hereby given that Mr. SHIVJI BHOJA, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, has contracted TO SELL to our client Mr. RAVJI PREMJI the property hereunder described. All persons having claims against the said property by way of inheritance, gift, mortgage, lease, lien, sale or otherwise are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their office, No. 91, Medows Street, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without reference to such claims and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

All that piece or parcel of Fazindari land or ground together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling-house standing thereon, situate lying and being at the Western side of Kalbadevi Road in the Kolbhatwadi, without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 165 Square Yards or thereabouts, and bounded as follows —that is to say,on or towards the East by Kolbhatwadi Cross Lane and beyond that by the house of Pandoo Laxmon Parker, on the West partly by the vacant ground of Vishwanath Juggonnathji and partly by the property of Sacoobai and Thacoobai, daughters of the late Vithoba Dayalji Mokal Patel, on the North by the said Kolbhatwadi Cross Lane and beyond that partly by the property of Tukaram Tatia Padwal and partly by the property of the said Sacoobai and Thacoobai, and on the South by the property of Ramji Dharamsey which said premises are assessed by the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under C Ward No. 2518, Street No. 33.—Dated this 30th day of July, 1910.

MANSUKHLAL JAMSETJI & HIRALAL,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

POONA THIRD EXTRA MEETING.

WEDNESDAY, 10TH AUGUST, 1910.

OWNERS are reminded that ENTRY CLOSES at 6 P. M., on TUESDAY, 2nd August, 1910.

CECIL GRAY,
Secretary, W. I. T. C.

Poona, 27th July, 1910.

THOROUGH Preparation by POSTAL TUITION for the London Matriculation and other Bar Preliminary Universities, in separate subjects such as English Language and Literature, Mathematics, &c. For terms, lists of successes, and testimonials, apply—

PRINCIPAL JOHN LONG, B. A. (late Lecturer in English, &c., at the Swansea Technical College).

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THE RICHMOND CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS,
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GREAT INDIAN PENINSULA RAILWAY COMPANY.

TENDERS FOR THE SUPPLY OF PRINTED BOOKS AND FORMS.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Agent at his office at Victoria Terminus, Bombay, up to 1 p.m. (Standard Time) on WEDNESDAY the 21st September, 1910, for the supply of the above for one, three or five years, commencing from 1st January, 1911.

2. Tender forms of the above giving particulars of the approximate quantities and description of the books and forms required and the conditions on which Tenders will be received may be obtained on application at the General Storekeeper's office, Parel, on payment of Rs. 5 for each form. No refund of this amount will be made on account of unused Tender forms.

3. The Agent reserves the right to select one or more items from any Tender without reference to the other items on the same Tender and the Tenderer shall be required to supply the same at the rates quoted.

4. Tender should be superscribed with heading as above, and a deposit of Rupees one thousand should accompany each Tender, without which no Tender will be considered. Only cash currency notes or Government Promissory notes will be received as deposits and if the latter they must be endorsed in favour of "The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company or order."

5. All books and forms to be equal in all respects to the Company's standard samples, which can be obtained on application to the General Storekeeper.

6. The Agent does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.

G. R. WEBB,
General Storekeeper.

General Storekeeper's Office,
Parel, 22nd July, 1910.

NOTICE.

THE RETAIL PRICE of "THE BOMBAY GAZETTE," in Poona, Kirkee, &c., is 2 annas per copy.

The rates for Subscribers are unaltered, viz., Rs. 37-8 per annum credit, or Rs 30 in advance, post free.

JOB PRINTING.—Apply at the "Bombay Gazette" Electric Printing Works 2 Green Street Fort.

PUBLIC NOTIFICATIONS.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

In the matter of THE INDIAN COMPANIES ACT VI of 1882,

and

In the matter of the BOMBAY COTTON MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Ltd.

NOTICE is hereby given that pursuant to the directions contained in the Scheme of Compromise sanctioned herein by the abovenamed High Court, on the 13th day of April, 1910, a first instalment of distribution at the rate of Seven Annas in the Rupee, payable out of the sum of Rupees 14 lacs received by me from the abovenamed Company, for distribution amongst the Creditors of the Company, has been fixed herein and that the same may be received at my Office at No. 1, Green Street, Fort, Bombay, on the 3rd day of August, 1910, or on any subsequent day (except Sundays and Court Holidays), between the hours of 1 and 4 P. M.

R. D. SETHNA,
Trustee,
Scheme, The Bombay Cotton Mfg. Co., Ltd.

NOTICE is hereby given that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Shareholders of the H. H. The MAHARANA SHRI AJITSINGJI of DHRANGADHRA MILLS COMPANY, LIMITED, will be held at the office of Messrs. Ardesir, Hormusji, Dinshaw and Company, 29, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, at 3 P. M. (Standard Time), on SATURDAY, the 13th instant to consider, and if so, determined to pass an Extraordinary Resolution to the effect that it has been proved to the satisfaction of the said Company, that the Company cannot by reason of its liabilities continue its business and that it is advisable to wind up the same.

If the resolution is passed the meeting will be asked to appoint a liquidator to wind up the Company. Dated the 1st day of August, 1910.

JAMES McDONALD,
S. C. DHONDY,
કેવલરામ લાલચંદ દોડીઆ,
i. e., KEVALRAM LALCHAND DODIA,
Three of the Directors of the abovenamed Coy.

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THE BANK OF BURMA, LD.

Subscribed Capital	Rs.	20,00,000
Paid up Capital	„	17,62,500
Reserve Fund	„	4,00,000

LONDON BANKERS—PARR'S BANK, Ld., and WILLIAM DEACON & Co., Ld.

Agents and Correspondents throughout India,

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BRANCHES :—CALCUTTA, MADRAS and BOMBAY.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS may be opened with Rs. 150 and upwards and interest at 2½ per cent. per annum will be allowed upon daily balances upto Rs. 10,000, provided the sum accrued amounts to Rs. 3 Half-yearly.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received as follows :—For 1 year at 6 per cent, For 6 and 9 months at 5 per cent. per annum. Special rates for Shorter periods.

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Purchase and Sale of Stock effected and every description of banking business transacted.

F. D. STRANACK,
Manager.

Standard Buildings, Bombay, 30th June, 1910.

THE BANK OF INDIA, LD.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act VI. of 1882.

HEAD OFFICE :
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS,
BOMBAY.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED ...	Rs.	1,00,00,000
CAPITAL CALLED UP ...	„	50,00,000
RESERVE FUND ...	„	1,75,000

DIRECTORS :

The Hon'ble SIR SASSOON DAVID Kt., Chairman (Messrs. Sassoon J. David and Co., Bombay.)

SIR COWASJEE JEHANGIR, Bart., (Messrs. J. Cowasjee Jehangir and Co.)

THE HON'BLE MR. H. R. GREAVES, (of Messrs. Greaves, Cotton & Co.)

RATANJI DADABHOY TATA, Esq. (of Messrs Tata Sons & Co.)

GORDHANDAS KHATTAU, Esq. (Messrs. Khatau Makanjee and Co., Bombay).

The Hon'ble Mr. LALUBHAI SAMALDAS (Bhownuggar.)

KHETSEY KHAISEY, Esq., (Messrs. Heerjee Khetsey and Co., Bombay.)

RAMNARAIN HURNUNDRAI, Esq., (of the firm of Harnundrai Ramnaraiu, Bombay.)

The Hon'ble Mr. IBRAHIM RAHIMTOOLA, C. I. E.

R. BARLOW, Esq. (of Messrs. Symons Barlow & Lang.)

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

INTEREST is allowed on Daily Balances from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,00,000 at the rate of 2½ per cent. per annum and on sums over Rs. 1,00,000 by special arrangement. No interest which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year will be allowed.

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Amounts for 12 months are received at 4½ per cent. and for other periods on terms which may be ascertained on application.

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The Bank undertakes on behalf of its Constituents the safe custody of Shares and Securities and the collection of dividends and interest thereon; it also undertakes the sale and purchase of Government Paper and all descriptions of Stocks at moderate charges, particulars of which may be had on application.

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Acting Manager.

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TUESDAY, 2ND AUGUST,
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TO-MORROW, WEDNESDAY,
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EVERY NIGHT
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3.—The Tenesse or the American Zouaves.
4.—A visit of our country cousins.
5.—Paul gives his last bachelor's party.
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FOR ALL
SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES.

If you suffer from any disease due to the impure state of the Blood, FROM WHATEVER CAUSE ARISING, you should test the value of Clarke's Blood Mixture, the world-famed Blood Purifier and Restorer. This medicine has by years, reputation, and is to-day more popular than ever the reason of this being undoubtedly because this wonderful remedy does what it professes to do—TOURES SKIN AND BLOOD DISEASES PERMANENTLY.

Clarke's Blood Mixture

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It is warranted to cleanse the blood from all impurities, from whatever cause arising, for

SCROFULA, SCURVY ECZEMA, BLOOD POISON, ULCERS, SKIN & BLOOD DISEASES,	BAD LEGS, BLOTCHES, SPOTS, BLACKHEADS, PIMPLES, AND SORES OF ALL KINDS

It is a safe and Permanent Remedy.

It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains, for it removes the cause from the Blood and Bones.

NOTE This mixture is pleasant to the taste and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, from infancy to old age, and the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

Thousands of wonderful cures have been effected by it.

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Mr. F. E. Lewis, 48, Bridge Street Row, Chester writes :—"Just a line in favour of 'Clarke's Blood Mixture.' I had eczema for seven months, and tried many things without benefit until I took your remedy. After the eighth bottle I was quite well again. Please accept this letter as a token of gratitude to your wonderful 'Clarke's Blood Mixture."—June 18, 1908

IMPURITIES IN THE BLOOD.—"We have seen hosts of letters from all sorts and conditions of people, in which the writers acknowledge the benefit they have received from Clarke's Blood Mixture, which as a curative agent cannot be too highly estimated, since it cleanses and clears the blood from all impurities, and restores it to its normal condition." This is a good testimonial from the *Family Doctor* the popular medical weekly, which goes on further to say : "It is certainly the finest blood purifier that science and skill have brought to light, and we can, with the utmost confidence, recommend it to our subscribers and the public generally."

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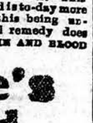

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The Safest and most Reliable Remedy for TORPID LIVER, DEBILITY, ERUPTIONS, RHEUMATISM, OBSTINATE SKIN DISEASES, &c.
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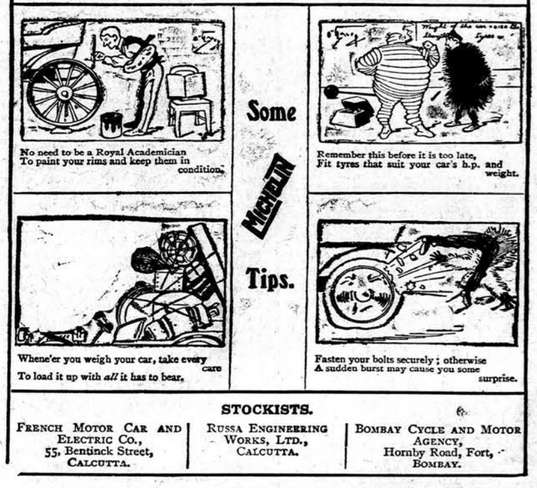
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Whene'er you weigh your car, take every care To load it up with *all* it has to bear.
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BOMBAY CYCLE AND MOTOR AGENCY, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

VETARZO BRAIN AND NERVE FOOD.

This remarkable compound, the result of the latest developments and achievements of modern chemistry, pharmacology, and therapeutics, is without equal in all cases of defective nerve power, whether induced by worry, over-work, unhealthy climate, dissipation, excess, youthful imprudence, or other influences incidental to the wear and tear and haste or overstrain of modern life. Sleeplessness, tremblings, palpitation, nervous dyspepsia, low spirits, mental and bodily prostration, muscular and local weakness, general and nervous debility, faulty nutrition, premature decay or deficiency of the vital forces, impaired vitality, harassing dreams, night disturbances, sudden startings, dimness of sight, defective hearing, loss of memory, inability to perform the various duties of life, or to enjoy its pleasures, restlessness that can settle to nothing, irritability of temper, female complaints, hysteria, painful periods, backache, bearing down sensations, nervous headache, wasting disease, night sweats, and all other phases of brain and nerve exhaustion, are successfully combated by this highly scientific preparation. Bracing up the system generally, it gives tone to the exhausted nerves, arrests all weakening wasting discharges, involuntary losses, &c.; restores the failing energies, and imparts new life and vigour to what had so recently seemed worn out, "used up," and valueless.

VETARZO BLOOD MEDICINE.

Never before was there anything like it, nor can its marvellous properties ever be equalled in all cases of poorness, impurity, or other imperfection of the blood from whatever cause arising. No sooner is it imbibed into the system than it permeates and penetrates to the minutest capillaries, overcoming and expelling the virus of disease, wheresoever and in whatsoever form met with; removing all blotches, pimples, scurf, scurvy, scrofulous and glandular swellings, discolorations, roughness and unsightly patches, &c. Its effects are almost magical in the treatment of gout, rheumatism, sciatica, lumbago, pains and swellings of the joints, discharges, secondary symptoms, eczema, lepra, psoriasis, bad legs, bad breasts, abscesses, ulcers, sores, goitre or Derbyshire neck, it improves the general health, and quickly removes long-standing bronchitis, asthma, and hacking, straining, spasmodic cough, too often the precursor of consumption.

CAUTION.—Ask for "VETARZO Brain and Nerve Food," or "VETARZO Blood Medicine," whichever is required, and see that you get them, as unprincipled vendors often try to palm off inferior preparations (usually their own manufacture), for the sake of extra profit. Price in England, 2/6. Every genuine bottle of these medicines bears the British Government Stamp with the words "VETARZO REMEDIES" impressed thereon, in white letters on a red ground, by direction of His Majesty's Hon. Commissioners. Registered Trade Mark "VETARZO." Legal proceedings will be taken against persons pirating.

COMMON SENSE IN A NUTSHELL.—A new medical work on the causes and most scientific and effectual means of self-cure ever discovered for nervous exhaustion, depression of spirits, want of zest and energy, &c., with practical observations on marriage and full directions for removing certain disqualifications that destroy the happiness of wedded life. It also treats on urinary derangements, secondary symptoms, stricture, &c., and no sufferer should fail to procure a copy. Post free in plain envelope on receipt of Postal Order Sixpence, from The VETARZO SANATORIUM Co., Gospel Oak, London, or of Agents for above medicines. Price 10 annas Post Free.

INSURANCES.

THE DEMAND
FOR
"STANDARD" POLICIES.

EVERY YEAR, since 1865 the NEW BUSINESS has exceeded £1,000,000. Sums Assured PER ANNUM, a result maintained uninterruptedly for so long a period by NO OTHER BRITISH OFFICE.

CLAIMS PAID	£27,750,000
ACCUMULATED FUNDS	£12,500,000
ANNUAL REVENUE	£ 1,500,000

NEW SCHEMES.

DOUBLE ENDOWMENTS.—At Home Rates giving a Bonus of 100 per cent. on survival.

CHILDREN'S ENDOWMENTS.—Payable at any age from 14 to 21 with return of all premiums in event of death.

For full information apply to

F. A. PREVOST,
Secretary,
Bombay Branch.

BINNY & Co., Ld.,
Chief Agents, Madras.

THE ORIENTAL LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

ESTABLISHED 1874.

FUNDS OVER RS. 3,50,00,000

INVESTED IN GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

LOW PREMIUMS.
GENEROUS CONDITIONS.
PROMPT PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.
ECONOMICAL MANAGEMENT.

For Prospectus, containing all particulars, apply to

H. G. W. MEIKLE, F.F.A.,
ACTING MANAGER, BOMBAY.

THE CHINA MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO., LD.

HEAD OFFICE :—SHANGHAI.

A BRITISH Company—Offices in all Eastern Ports.

Collecting Agencies in London and on the Continent.

THAT this well-managed Company has gained the confidence of the insuring public of the East and Far East is evidenced by the marvellous growth during its twelve years of existence, as the statement and comparison here given proof :—

	1906 Rs.	1910 Rs.
Insurance in force...	3,68,02,378	5,67,83,328
Assets ...	52,80,240	1,26,22,875
Total Income ...	28,33,602	53,49,837
INSURANCE FUND ...	51,43,380	1,23,25,218

SPECIAL DEPOSITS for Security of POLICY-HOLDERS :—

	Rs.
With Trustees at Shanghai...	2,00,000
Trustees, Messrs. H. C. Gulland, J. C. Hanson, & Alex. McLeod. With Board of Trade, England.	3,00,000

The Company issues all the latest and approved plans of Insurance at the minimum rates consistent with safety.

HOLLAND & MOSS, Ld.,

General Managers for Bombay Presidency and C. P.

P. O. Box 102, or Dean Lane, Fort, BOMBAY.

BANK OF BOMBAY.
SAVINGS BANK.

THE BANK receives DEPOSITS on the following terms :—

Sums not exceeding Rs. 1,000 in the aggregate may be deposited within any one year from 1st January to 31st December.

Deposits may be made in the names of two or more persons and the balance made payable to one or more of them or to the survivor or survivors.

Interest is allowed at the rate of THREE PER CENT. per annum on the minimum monthly balance, not exceeding Rs. 5,000.

Copies of the Rules can be obtained on application to the Bank.

J. BEGBIE,
Secretary and Treasurer.

THE BOMBAY GAZETTE

TOWN SUBSCRIBERS.	Subscription. Rate.	Discount Rate.
Yearly ...	Rs. 25 0	Rs. 20 0
Half-yearly ...	„ 13 12	„ 11 9
Quarterly ...	„ 7 8	„ 6 0
Monthly ...	„ 2 8	„ 2 0
MOFUSSIL SUBSCRIBERS.		
Yearly ...	Rs. 37 8	Rs. 30 0
Half-yearly ...	„ 20 0	„ 16 0
Quarterly ...	„ 10 10	„ 8 8
Monthly ...	„ 3 12	„ 3 0

SINGLE COPY... ... ONE ANNA.

For rates of old Issues of the "Bombay Gazette," See Special Short Advertisements Column.

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

For Advertisements of two or three lines, relating to such matters as Small Sales; Business Cards, Situations, Wanted Servants, Houses, or Lodgings Required; Change of Residence and Articles Lost or Found, the scale is as follows :—

	Rs.
Not exceeding three lines ...	Re. 1-0
Each succeeding line ...	„ 0-8

No Advertisement will be inserted for less than One Rupee, and Payment must in all cases be made in Cash

LONG ADVERTISEMENTS.

	Rs. 6-0 Per Inch.
First Insertion ...	
Second Insertion ...	„ 3-8 do.
Third Insertion ...	„ 3-0 do.
Fourth Insertion ...	„ 2-8 do.
Fifth and upwards ...	„ 2-0 do.
Minimum charge ...	„ 6-0 do.

In the Native Languages double the above rates.

For Advertisements, which are to be inserted for length of time special contracts are made.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 29 June, 2017

DAILY MARKET REPORT.

BOMBAY, August 1.

MONEY.

The cash balance of the Bank of Bombay is 12 lakhs up.

EXCHANGE.

The market opened steady at 1s. 3 31-32d. for T. T. and demand, and 1s. 4 1-8d. for 3 months' sight credits.

We quote :—

Bank's selling—		
T. T. Ready ...	...	1-3 31-32d.
D. D. Mail ...	...	1s. 3 31-32d. to 1s. 4d.
T. T. Forward ...	...	1s. 4d. Sept.
Bank's Buying—		
Private D. D. Ready	...	1s. 4 1-32d.
Credits 3 m/s ,,	...	1s. 4 1-8d.
,, ,, Forward	...	1s. 4 7-32d. Oct.
,, 6 m/s Ready	...	1s. 4 9-32d.
France 3 m/s ,,	...	169 1-2
Marks 3 m/s ,,	...	136
60 d/s. Hongkong	...	131
,, Shanghai	...	175 1-2
,, Japan	...	150 1-2

GOVERNMENT PAPER.

The market has to-day improved to Rs. 96-8 read and Rs. 96-5 forward, at which rates there were sellers at the close.

BULLION.

Bar silver in London remained unchanged both for ready and forward at 24 5-8 and 24 8-16 respectively and New York also closed steady at 53 1-4.

Locally forwards opened at Rs. 72-4-0, but there being local and upcountry sellers declined to Rs. 72-2-0 and about 20-25 packages changed hands. The Gold market remained steady.

We quote :—

GOLD.

		Rs.	a.	p.
9 touch Fakirsett ...	...	22	8	0
97 touch Chintu ...	...	23	7	0
Narondas Motilal's Chop Swadeshi 96 to 99 touch		24	1	0
National Bank ...	...	24	2	3
Chartered Bank ...	...	24	1	3
Sovereigns Shield ...	...	15	5	0
Do. Dragon ...	...	15	9	0
Australian ...	...	24	2	0
English Gold ...	...	24	2	0
Native Bullion ...	...	24	1	0
Indian Specie Bank ...	...	24	1	0

SILVER.

117 1-2 Penny ...	...	71	15	0
117 Penny Ready ...	...	72	14	0
Local per tola ...	...	0	11	2

FUTURES.

First Settlement ...	...	72	2	0
Second do ...	...	72	1	0

SEEDS AND WHEAT.

Linseed.—Market firm. London quotation was 3 up, but it had no effect in the local prices which remained unchanged.

Rapeseed.—Tone firm. London quotation was 3 up; local prices remained unchanged.

Wheat.—Tone weak.

Mowra, Castor, and Groundnut.—Tone firm.

The following are the receipts of Wheat and Seeds into Bombay during the 48 hours ended at 6 p. m. on Saturday, 30th July :—

Wheat	18,818 cwts
Linseed	5,078 ,,
Rapeseed	6,239 ,,
Gingellyseed	135 ,,
Poppyseed	1,797 ,,
Groundnuts	1,621 ,,
Castorseed	5,781 ,,
Rice	1,921 ,,
Myrabollams	121 ,,
Cottonseed	6,889 ,,
Mowraseed	4,788 ,,
Gram	2,582 ,,
Joowar	22 ,,
Maize	... ,,

LOCAL YARNS.

The fortnightly sales of yarn are reported as under :—

200 bales sold.

50,000 bales in stock.

30,300 bales with Chinese merchants.

The Shanghai yarn market is in a panic on account of the failure of the firm of Hugo Ruse and Co. who had speculated heavily in yarn, silver, rubber, and gold in conjunction with their compradore as mentioned. It was the firm belief of some of the well known firms that the business would result in a failure in a very short time. A native firm who represented them on this side is in a fix. The local bazaar and Shanghai market are affected by this failure as heavy stocks will be thrown on the market for sale.

SPINNINGS.

There was good business done in Petits to-day. They were quoted Rs. 2,850 in the morning, but at the close declined to Rs. 2,780. September quotation is Rs. 2,797-1-2.

BANKS.

Bank of Bombay ...	...	1,505
Bank of India ...	...	66 1-2
Indian Specie Bank ...	...	53 1-2

MILLS.

Colaba ...	...	...	...	1,147 1-2
David ...	...	...	...	391 1-4
Nagpore ...	...	...	...	1,712 1-2
Burhma	...	...	...	510
Kohinoor	...	...	...	687 1-2
Maneckji Petit ...	...	...	...	2,785
Standard ...	...	...	...	1,082 1-4
Framji Petits ...	...	...	...	1,645

PRESSES.

New Mofussil ...	...	...	820

MISCELLANEOUS.

Badam Pile & Co ...	...	...	97
Bombay Steam Navigation Ord			298 3-4
Bombay E. S. and T. C. Pref.			167

RAILWAY.

Ahmedabad-Prantej ...	...	...	605 X. D.
Amritsar-Patti New Shares	...		52 1-2 Prem
Dapri Valley ...	...	...	473 3-4 C. D.

COTTON.

The Liverpool market on Saturday was closed when New York was 10 points down and futures 2 and 3 down. The tone of the market at Colaba was firm. Demand from exporters and mills was moderate and prices ruled the same. No opening prices were received to-day on account of Bank Holiday. There being sellers price for New Broach declined by Re. 1. Price for New Broach opened at Rs. 298, but it declined to Rs. 297 at the close.

100	Japan T. Co. ...	Khandesh ...	255
100	Japan T. Co. ...	Bagalkot ...	293
200	Assur Mills ...	Jalgaon ...	270
100	W. Wolf & Sons ...	Beggal ...	262
200	Elphinstone Mills..	Khandesh ...	260
100	ElphinstoneMills...	Wardha ...	272
100	Volkart Bros. ...	Wardha ...	278
300	Volkart Bros ...	Bengal ... 264 to	265
100	Bamji ...	Hinganghat ...	282

Bengal Hand Gin. Fine	...	270
,, F Good	...	259
Bengal Machine Gin. Fine	...	286
,, F Good	...	276
Sind Punjab F Good	...	274
Dhamangaon Foolgaon Fine	...	295
,, F Good	...	285
Akola Khandgaum Fine	...	293
,, F Good	...	283
Amrsoti Fine	...	293
,, F Good	...	283
Veetmal Fine	...	299
,, F Good	...	289
Nagpore Fine	...	301
,, F Good	...	291
Wardha Hinganghat Fine	...	307
,, F Good	...	297
Methia Fine	...	383
,, F Good	...	373
Broach Gin Fine	...	318
,, F Good	...	308
Sawginned Good	...	311
Coompta Ginned	...	310
Westerns H. G.	...	191
Do M G	...	267

FUTURES.

Broach Good	... 267
Bengal F G	... 237

The following are the receipts of Cotton into Bombay during the 48 hours ended at 6 p.m. on Saturday, 30th July :—

Khandeish ...	...	...	...	Bales
Central India ...	...	...	...	,,
Barsi and Nagur ...	...	...	...	,,
Berar ...	...	...	...	,,
Central Provinces	...	...	...	,,
Oomras ...	...	...	...	,,
Dholera ...	...	...	...	17 ,,
Broach ...	...	...	...	,,
Coompta and Dharwar	...	...	...	531 ,,
Westerns ...	...	...	...	250 ,,
Bengals (N. W. P.)	...	...	...	20 ,,
Rajputana ...	...	...	...	354 ,,
Sind ...	...	...	...	,,
Persian ...	...	...	...	14 ,,
Other sorts ...	...	...	...	,,
Egyptian ...	...	...	...	,,
Total ...				1,172 ,,

FREIGHTS.

Ports.	Seed.	Cotton.
Antwerp	12 6	... 13 0
Dunkirk	12 6	... 13 0
Hawre	13 6	... 15 0
Hull	11 6	.....
Liverpool	10 6	... 11 0
Marseilles	10 6	... 11 0
Genoa	12 6	... 13 6
London	.....	... .
Hamburg	13 6	... 14 0
Trieste	12 0	... 13 0
Venice	12 0	... 13 0
Open Ports	Sept.	... 13 6
	Oct.	... 13 0
	Nov.	... 13 6
	Dec.	... 14 0
	Jan-March	... 14 0

The market is firmer.

COALS.

Jharia, July 30.

Railway freight for Bombay Rs. 11-4 per ton.

	Rs.	as.	ps.	
Steam Coal	3	0	0	Per ton into wagon at Colliery siding.
Steam Rubble	2	8	0	
B. B. Rubble	2	4	0	
Soft Coke	3	4	0	
Hard Coke	8	0	0	
Smithy Coal	3	0	0	
Dust Coal	2	4	0	
Slack Coal	2	0	0	

The above rates are for immediate delivery and demand seems good. There is decidedly better feeling for the new season.

METALS.

We quote :—

Copper Brasiers 4×4 ...	...	lbs. 21	
		28	
		35	
		42	
		56	Rs. 52 4
		63	
		70	
		77	
		84	
Yellow Metal Sheets ...	...	21	,, 43 4
		28	to 43 6
		35	
		42	,, 43 8
		49	to 43 10
		56	,, 43 0
Tin Ingots. ...	...	...	,, 40 8
Spelter	S M	...	
	M M	...	
	J	...	,, 17 12
	G	...	
Georgahatte		...	.....
Copper Ingots	K S	...	,, 47 2
Copper Sheetings...	lbs. 8, 10, 12, 14	6-8	.....
Yellow Metal Sheeting	lbs. 14, 16 10-12		.....
	10-12 14-16		.....

EXPORTS OF BAR SILVER FROM BOMBAY BY RAIL on 29th July, 1910.

By	Bars.	Ounces.
G. I. P. Railway	31	36,566
B. B. & C. I. Railway.	42	50,297

BANK OF BOMBAY.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bombay for the week ended 30th July 1910, as compared with the statement for the week ending 23rd July 1910 :—

Liabilities.	July 23. Rs.	July 30. Rs.
Capital ...	1,00,00,000	1,00,00,000
Reserve Fund ...	1,05,00,000	1,05,00,000
Public Deposits at Head Office ...	1,21,65,757	1,30,50,672
Public Deposits at Branches ...		
Other Deposits ...	10,83,71,272	10,84,42,307
Post Bills ...	13,941	13,941
Sundries ...	20,06,342	19,04,881
Rs....	14,30,57,312	14,39,11,301
Assets.		
Government Securities ...	1,52,76,075	1,91,46,079
Other authorised Securities.	59,632	59,632
Credits on Govt. and other authorised Securities ...	1,58,95,951	1,48,83,693
Loans do. do. ...	4,10,73,012	4,16,18,459
Bills discounted and purchased ...	1,70,23,800	1,71,83,029
Dead Stocks ...	2,68,348	2,85,131
Stamps ...	5,312	5,262
Bullion ...	6,39,399	6,00,950
Balance with other Banks.	5,44,666	6,67,683
Sundries ...	2,09,230	1,74,727
Cash ...	4,80,61,887	4,92,86,656
	14,30,57,312	14,39,11,301

BANK OF BENGAL.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal, for the week ending 26th July, 1910, as compared with the statement of 19th July, 1910 :—

Liabilities.	July 19. Rs.	a.	p.	July 26. Rs.	a.	p.
Capital paid up.	2,00,00,000	0	0	2,00,00,000	0	0
Reserve Fund ...	1,73,00,000	0	0	1,73,00,000	0	0
Public Deposits, &c ...	1,81,53,666	4	1	1,70,29,015	15	4
Other Deposits, &c ...	18,10,80,373	7	5	17,93,65,279	3	10
Bank Post Bills, &c. ...	5,54,396	4	9	6,32,237	8	3
Sundries ...	15,38,637	11	4	13,93,930	9	3
Rs ..	23,86,27,073	11	7	23,57,20,463	4	8
Assets.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Govt. Securities other authorised Investments ...	2,16,29,640	0	0	2,61,33,775	0	0
Loans on Govt. & other authorized Securities	56,61,316	0	0	52,60,871	0	0
Accounts of Credit on do ...	3,70,33,944	1	10	3,56,90,505	15	5
Bills discounted, &c ...	3,50,01,876	13	9	3,45,25,324	6	0
Balances with other Banks...	2,43,19,633	12	3	2,45,33,409	6	0
Bullion ...	44,44,721	15	8	46,93,149	0	5
Dead Stock ...	21,85,848	12	10	21,85,918	10	7
Stamps ...	12,250	13	5	12,027	15	4
Sundries ...	3,96,113	3	7	3,93,372	3	6
	13,06,85,345	9	4	13,34,28,353	9	3
Cash, &c., at... Head Office...	10,79,41,728	2	3	10,22,92,109	11	5
Cash, &c., at... Branches ...						
	23,86,27,073	11	7	23,57,20,463	4	8

LIABILITIES.

Government Balance at Head Office ...	Rs. 5,311	Decrease.
Government Balance at Branches ...	11,19,339	Do.
Other Deposits ...	17,15,094	Do.
Post Bills ...	77,841	Increase.
ASSETS.		
Bank's Investments ...	41,03,690	Increase.
Loans ...	13,43,429	Decrease.
Accounts of Credit ...	4,76,552	Do.
Mercantile Bills ...	2,13,776	Increase.
Cash at Head Office ...	8,03,880	Decrease.
Cash at Branches ...	48,45,740	Do.

Percentage 51·55.

HOME REMITTANCES.

The Treasury, Calcutta, 30th July.

The weekly Memorandum of Remittances to the Home Treasury :—

Amount estimated in the Financial Statement to be remitted during 1910-11 ...	£15,500,000
Remitted from 1st April 1910 to 30th July 1910, by Council Bills* ...	£ 8,822,263
Balance to be remitted from 31st July 1910 to 31st March 1911 ...	£ 7,177,737

* Of this sum £1,745,000 has been taken to the account of the Currency Reserve.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE Charge for Announcement of BIRTHS, MARRIAGES, DEATHS and MEMORIAM NOTICES, which must be authenticated by the name and address of the sender is Rs. 2 for six lines or less, and 8 as. for every additional line, CASH strictly in ADVANCE.

INDIA.

DEATH.

LENNOX—July 24, at Ellerslie Cottage, Simla, Captain James Lennox, India Miscellaneous List (retired), who served for many years in the Intelligence Branch of Army Head Quarters.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Sun rises, 6h. 15m; Sun sets, 7h. 14m. High water, 9·24m, 3·55a. ; Low water, 2·12m, 3·22a.

Warwick Major's Comedy Company, "Liberty Hall," Empire Theatre, 9-30. p.m.

Excelsior Cinematograph. "A lesson by the Sea," Novelty Theatre, 7 to 8, 8-30 to 9-30 and 10 to 11 p.m.

Maxim : "Wer die Leiter ersteigen will muss unten anfangen" ["He who would climb the ladder must begin at the bottom"].—GERMAN PROVERB.

THE ENGLISH MAILS.

ARRIVAL.

The P. and O. Company's s. s. "Salsette," with the English Mails of the 22nd instant, which left Aden at 6 p.m. on Sunday, is expected to arrive in Bombay harbour at 6 a.m. on Friday next.

DEPARTURE.

The P. and O. Co's. steamer "Salsette" will leave Bombay harbour at 2-30 p. m. on Saturday next.

THEFT OF EMBROIDERY.—The police are informed that some one broke open the room of one Ramrao Gajanand in his absence from Kalbsdevi Road and stole embroidered clothes of the value of Rs. 890. Two bundles of clothes were found on the premises ready to be taken away.

POSTAL NOTICES.—Mails for LAMU, Mombassa Ibo, Chindi, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga and Mozambique, per s. s. "Kangler" will be closed at the General Post Office at 3 p.m., on Wednesday the 3rd instant.—Mails for Aden, Berbera, Lamu, Mombassa, Ibo, Chindi, Dar-es-Salaam, Zanzibar, Tanga, Mozambique, Quilimane, Beira, Lorenco Marques, Natal, Cape Colony, and other places in South Africa per s. s. "Dumbea" close at the Bombay General Post Office at 9 a. m. on Thursday, the 4th instant. Specially superscribed correspondence for Europe and Egypt will also be forwarded with this steamer. Parcel Mail for France closes at the New General Post Office at 8 a. m. the same day.

BAND AT THE YACHT CLUB.—By kind permission of Major C. Richardson, V. D., and Officers, the Band of the 1st Battalion B. B. & C. I. Railway Volunteer Corps, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Band Sergeant J. Sheehan commencing at 6-15 p.m. (S. T.) this evening :—

March ...	Nibelungen ... Wagner
Overture ...	Mirella ... Gounod
Valse ...	Wiener Praterleben. Translateur
Selection ...	Best of All ... Williams
Characteristic ...	The Mill in the Black Forest ... Bilenberg
Selection ...	The Mikado ... Winterbottem
Patrol ...	The Wee Macgreegor Amers

STRING BAND AT THE ST. GEORGE'S HOSPITAL.—By kind permission of Lieut.-Colonel S. J. Serjant, V. D, and Officers, the String Band of the 1st Battalion, G. I. P. Railway Volunteers, will play the following programme of music, under the direction of Mr. A. Mallandaine, Bandmaster, commencing at 5-45 p.m. this evening :—

March ...	International ... Roberts
Grand Selection ...	Reminiscences of England ... Godfrey
Valse ...	The Wedding Dance Lincke
Selection ...	The Arcadians ... Monckton
Valse ...	Kussen ist keine Sind ... Nyaler
Two-Step ...	Silvetheels ... Neil Moret

DUPED BY AN IMPOSTER.—Purshotum Harsi has reported to the police that a Hindu went to his house on the 25th ultimo and assured him that by magic he could convert a currency note into two. The complainant gave him a hundred rupee currency note. The man apparently put it between two pieces of glass and tied a string round it. He left the bundle with the complainant with instructions not to touch it till he returned. He returned the next day. He untied the bundle and instead of the note, out came pieces of burnt paper. He made some excuse for the failure and promised to make good the money. The man has not returned since.

PROPOSED GIRLS' ORPHANAGE AND ISMAILI KHOJAS.—A meeting of the Ismaili Khojas was held in the Panjebhai Club, Chowpatty, when the following gentlemen were present :—Hon. Fazalbhoy Currimbhoy, Messrs. Jaffarbhoy Rahimtoola, Bar-at-Law, Fazalbhoy M. Chinoy, Ebrahim M. Rowji, Fazalbhoy D. Allana, Mukhi Peerbhoy Rahim, Kamdia Jaffarbhoy Pardhan, Cassamali Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy, Sivjibhoy Nathoo, Jumabhoy Sharif, Rahimtoola Davji, Cassum Davji, Dr. Rajabali Ramji Lakhdhir, Dr. Alimahamed Naserbhoy and many others. Mr. Jafferbhoy Rahimtoola Kaderbhoy, Bar-at-Law, was called to the chair, and in his address to the meeting said that the reason of the meeting was to discuss the steps to be taken in aid of an establishment, the need of which is very urgent for the Mahomedan community. Our Jubilee and enthusiastic Police Commissioner Mr. Edwardes had thought out a scheme in aid of the destitute and helpless girls of the Mahomedan community. The Commissioner had induced some rich men of the community to subscribe large sums, and beyond this it was their duty to assist such a beneficial establishment as far as they could, by collecting a subscription from the Ismaili Khoja community. Some members present there subscribed sums as far as they could, and a small committee of the following gentlemen, Kamdia Jafferbhoy Pardhan, Messrs Cassamali Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy, Jumabhoy Sharif and Rahimtoola Davji, was formed to collect funds, and Mr. Cassamali Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy was appointed Treasurer to receive and forward the amount to the Commissioner.

MADRAS S. P. C. A.

CASES of cruelty to sea-birds at the mouth of Adyar River by using decoy birds which they blind by sewing their eyes, having been brought to the notice of Mr. M. A. Tirunarayna Chariar, Honorary Secretary to the S. P. C. A., by Mrs. Annie Besant, President, Theosophical Society, Adyar, the Honorary Secretary deputed Superintendent K. S. Samarao and Inspector Srinivasulu Chetty of the Society to watch the case of cruelty complained of. Accordingly after careful watch accused Murugan, a professional bird catcher, was arrested on the evening of the 19th ultimo and prosecuted before the Junior Presidency Magistrate, Egmore, on the 20th for cruelty by using three decoy birds after sewing their eyes with thread and blinding them. His Worship S. M. Vapushi Maricayar Usman Sahib Bahadur, fined the accused Rs. 2. It is to be hoped that this prosecution will put a stop to this revolting practice.

SIR WILLIAM HALL-JONES, High Commissioner for New Zealand, Sir Richard Solomon, High Commissioner for South Africa, and Sir George Mackenzie have been appointed vice-presidents of the Royal Colonial Institute.

FLORILINE :—For the Teeth and Breath.—A few drops of the liquid Floriline, sprinkled on a wet tooth brush, produce a pleasant lather which thoroughly cleanses the teeth from all parasites or impurities, hardens the gums, prevents tartar, stops decay, gives to the teeth a peculiar pearly whiteness, and a delightful fragrance to the breath. It removes all unpleasant odour arising from decayed teeth or tobacco smoke. "The Fragrant Floriline" being composed in parts of honey and sweet herbs is delicious to the taste and the greatest toilet discovery of the age. Of all Chemists and Perfumers. Wholesale Dept., 33 Farringdon Road London, England

LEGAL INTELLIGENCE.

HIGH COURT.

THE NARIELWALLA APPEAL.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor, Mr. D. F. Mulla, instructed by Messrs. Shroff, Dinshaw and Dharmsey, moved absolute his clients' notice of motion on the petition for leave to appeal to Privy Council in the suit filed by Munchershaw Shapoorji Narielwalla against Ardeshir Shapoorji Narielwalla and others.

It might be remembered that Munchershaw filed an administration suit against the administrators of his father Shapoorji's estate and against the administrator's of his mother Verbaiji's estate wherein he sought for a declaration inter alia that the payment of Rs. 75,000 made by the Administrators of Shapoorji's estate to Virbaiji was illegal and void, and that the same amount ought to be refunded to Shapoorji's estate from Virbaiji's.

The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Beaman, who heard the suit, decreed the plaintiff's claim ; against that decision the defendants preferred an appeal and succeeded in getting the suit dismissed. Against that order of dismissal the plaintiff Munchershaw applied for leave by way of a petition to appeal to Privy Council.

On that petition, the present notice of motion was based. Mr. Mulla said that he had no objection to urge against leave being granted, but his present application was for the amendment of the title of appeal what he desired was that there ought to be three sets of defendants instead of three defendants, as the petition, in its present form, was likely to create a confusion to his client's prejudice.

In answer to the Chief Justice, Mr. Mulla said that the attorneys instructing him had written to the other side about this application and to that letter they had received a reply that as Mr. Bahaduri, the plaintiff's counsel, wished to make some personal explanation in the matter, the plaintiff wished to bring the arguments of this application before the Bench of the Hon'ble Sir Narayan G. Chandavarkar and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor who had heard and decided the appeal.

Their Lordships allowed the matter to stand over till to-day (Tuesday), observing that if the petitioner was not present in Court, his petition would be dismissed.

MEMON CASTE DISPUTE.

Hearing of the Appeal.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Sir Basil Scott, Chief Justice and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor heard the appeal from a decision of the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Dinshaw Dawar, who, in the suit filed by Haroon Haji Vahedina and others against Haji Adam Haji Cosman Moorani and another, dismissed the plaintiffs' suit.

The Hon'ble Mr. M. R. Jardine and Mr. B. J. Desai, appeared for the appellants-defendants and Mr. D. N. Bahadurji and Mr. K. B. Dastur for the respondents-plaintiffs.

The plaintiffs are eight members of the Cutchi Memon Jamat of Bombay and they purported to have brought the suit on behalf of the members of the Cutchi Memon Jamat except the defendants. The two defendants are also members of the Cutchi Memon Jamat and they are sued in their capacity as trustees in possession and management of the Jamat properties. The plaintiffs alleged that ever since the appointment of the defendants as trustees they had not published any account of their management of the Jamat properties and they had failed to furnish the plaintiffs with copies of account. The plaintiffs further apprehended that the defendants had appropriated large sums of moneys belonging to the Jamat and they prayed that the defendants be ordered to give the plaintiffs inspection of the books of account. The defendants maintained that they were trustees of the Jamat funds for about 20 years and that it had never been the practice of the Jamat to publish accounts. None of the plaintiffs had ever asked them for the inspection. Mr. Justice Davar held that the members of the Cutchi Jamat were entitled in law to have reasonable inspection of the books of account kept by the defendants in respect of their management of the Jamat properties. His Lordship further found that although the demand for inspection was all along resisted by the defendants, the defendants on a date prior to the filing of the suit did offer to give the inspection demanded by the plaintiffs. His Lordship, accordingly, dismissed the plaintiffs' suit ordering each party to bear their own costs and it was from this decision the present appeal was made by the defendants on the ground that the learned Judge was wrong in holding that the plaintiffs and other members of the Jamat had an unlimited right of inspection of the Jamat books, and that the order as to costs was improper and contrary to law.

The hearing of the appeal is proceeding.

CERTIFICATE GRANTED.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor, Mr. B. J. Desai, instructed by Messrs. Tyabji Dayabhai and Coy., appeared for Karimji Jiwanji and moved absolute the rule to appeal to Privy Council in the suit filed by him against Karmali Abdoolla in respect of sugar transactions.

Mr. J. B. Kanga, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Company, appeared to show cause on behalf of Karmali.

Mr. Kanga said that he had nothing to urge against the application except that he wished to suggest that leave should be granted after the references proceedings before the Commissioner were over.

Their Lordships were of opinion that there was no ground for such an application, and made the rule absolute granting the petitioner a certificate for leave to appeal to Privy Council.

MORTGAGE OF FAMILY PROPERTY.

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Robertson, the Hon'ble Mr. M. R. Jardine, instructed by Messrs. Tyabji Dyabhai and Company, moved absolute the notice of motion on behalf of his client Dhirajlal in the suits filed by Damodar Vandravandass and others against Devidass Vandravandass and others and Vithaldass Dhirajlal against Dhirajlal Vandravandass.

Mr. F. Sorabji Talyarkhan, instructed by Messrs. Madhavji, Kamdar and Chhotubai, appeared for Vithaldass.

The notice of motion was for raising a loan of Rs. 67,000 on the Ambawady property which is situated at Girgaum and which is a family property and in which the parties in the suit have an interest.

After some arguments, the parties obtained an order by consent to the effect that Dhirajlal should be authorised to raise a loan of Rs. 67,000 on the Ambawadi property at the rate of interest not exceeding nine annas and to execute a mortgage on his own share, and Dhirajlal undertook by counsel not to alienate, deal with or further mortgage the property without the order of the Court. This order was without prejudice to all the defences raised by his son Vithaldass in the counter-claim made against him.

THE RACING SUITS.

Smith vs. "G. K."

On the Original Side of the Bombay High Court, yesterday, the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Robertson resumed the hearing of the two racing suits he is trying jointly : Smith vs. Gordhandass Khatao and Trikumdass Gordhandass vs. Smith.

Mr. W. C. J. Shorst, with Mr. W. L. Weldon, instructed by Messrs. Crawford Brown and Company, appeared for Smith ; the Hon'ble Mr. M. R. Jardine and the Hon'ble Mr. C. H. Setalwad, instructed by Messrs. Payne and Company, were for Trikumdass and Gordhandass.

Mr. Smith was cross-examined at length by the learned Advocate-General in respect of the betting transactions and the monies he received from Mr. Gordhandass and the case is proceeding.

POLICE NEWS.

SEDITION IN BOMBAY.

A Marathi Author Sentenced.

YESTERDAY, at the Esplanade Police Court, Mr. A. H. S. Aston, Chief Presidency Magistrate, delivered decision in the case in which Mr. F. Vincent, Deputy Commissioner of Police, C. I. D., charged (1) Sadashiv Tambe Shastri, author of a Marathi book entitled "Varna Dharma Mimansa, or "A Treatise on different Castes," (2) Ramji Krishnaji Rane, and (3) Sakaram Sitaram Vartak with sedition and with creating feelings of enmity between different classes of His Majesty's subjects. Mr. B. F. Nicholson, Public Prosecutor, appeared for the Crown ; Mr. Sathe, pleader, defended the second and Mr. Solomon Moses, solicitor, defended the third accused.

His Worship delivering his decision said that from the evidence it appeared that the first accused attempted to excite feelings of hatred against the Government and feeling of enmity between different subjects of His Majesty. Passages containing such writings were not isolated, but similar passages occurred throughout the book. There was no doubt that the accused had committed offences against the Section under which he was charged.

As to the second accused, his Worship said he believed his statement that he was an ignorant man and was not aware that he had committed the offences with which he was charged. This accused was therefore acquitted.

As regarded the third accused, his Worship said that the case was complicated. The principal evidence against the accused was that he signed a declaration, which he submitted to the Collector, as printer. This declaration was in the handwriting of Dighe, one of the partners. The evidence showed that the third accused signed no less than thirty-one declarations but that was done only as a matter of form. It was admitted that the proofs of the book were corrected and revised by the first accused, and the whole question as to whether the third accused was deputed to read this book and to see whether there was anything seditious in it, depended practically on the evidence of Dighe, who was himself very much concerned in the matter. There was a grave doubt whether the third accused had printed this book with the knowledge and intent referred to in the Sections. It had been pointed out that during the twenty years that he had been in that Press, nothing seditious had been printed by the Press. This accused was also acquitted.

His Worship asked Mr. Nicholson if he wished to say anything as to the sentence to be passed on the first accused.

Mr. Nicholson said that the man had been warned at Poona, Satara and Bombay two or three times against introducing political subjects into his religious discourses.

The accused admitted having been warned.

His Worship sentenced the accused to undergo twelve months' rigorous imprisonment.

ROBBED BY HIS SON.

YESTERDAY before Rao Bahadur Chunilal H. Setalvad, at the Mazagon Police Court, Detective Inspector Taki charged Mohidin Abdul Rehim, a Mahomedan, with stealing a sewing machine, clothes and copper pots valued at Rs. 128, the property of Abdul Rahim, his father.

The accused was a habitual criminal and was in jail on seven occasions. On the last occasion after his return from jail his father gave him shelter and he was received. On Saturday last a policeman saw him attempting to dispose of a sewing machine at Chore Bazar. He was arrested on suspicion. He pleaded guilty and admitted seven previous convictions. He was sentenced to 12 months' rigorous imprisonment, six months out of these to be solitary confinement.

HIGH COURT.—AUGUST 2.

(Before the Hon the Chief Justice and the Hon Mr Justice BATCHELOR.)

For Judgment.

33-09 Bhaishanker K and G The Hope Mills Ld, vs Valabhdas Pranjivandas and Malvi V H M and K.

Reference from the Bombay Court of Small Causes.

3619-10 Bai Jamnabai widow vs Kava Abji and another.

Appeals for Hearing and Final Disposal.

33-09 Payne and Co Haji Adam Haji Noorain and another vs Haroon Haji Vahedina and others C P D Cunha Mehta and D.

Appeals for hearing and final disposal.

46-09 Malvi H M and R Jeevandas Dhunji vs Runchordas Chaturbhuj Diokshit D and S.

47-09 Payne and Co Purshotam Vallabdas vs Maneckbai widow and others Little and Co

48-09 J R Patel and Co Ismail Moosa and others Moosa Adam Patel and another Mirza M and M Tyabji D and Co.

49-09 Hiralal and Co Valabhdas Runchordas vs Shantaram Anant and Company Captain and V.

1-10 Payne and Co Rutanbai widow M Conway Thakerdas and Co.

3-10 Payne and Mahomed bin Hoosain Mahar vs Arbuthnoth Ewart and Co Craigie B and Co.

5-10 P N Billimoria Jamnabai widow vs Joshi Shamji Morarji and another Tyabji D and Co.

7-10 Wadia G and Co Abheychand Gooculdas vs Maneckji Pestonji Talati Ardeshir H D and Co.

8-10 Payne and Co Alexander Maximianlian Coutts vs The Peninsular Iron Works Ld and Co Ardeshir H D and Co.

9-10 Bhaishanker K and G Vassonji Sons and Co a firm vs Saparji Burjorji Bhurucha Thakerdas and Co.

19-10 Malvi H M and R Purshotamdas Ramgopal Hiralal and others Bicknell M and R.

50-09 Shroff D and D Ratanmal Tarachand and others vs Bhabhatmal Sirdarmal and others Mulla and M.

(Before the Hon Mr Justice DAVAR).

Suits for Hearing and Final Disposal.

Short Causes.

531-09 Little and Co Nanabhoy F Daruvala vs Aga Farukhsha Aga Akbar Sha Pestonji R K and Co.

174-10 Bhaisanker K and G D Popat Rabhuram Valdya vs Visvanath Madhowji Bhat and others.

191-10 Raghavgya B and N V Kader Mohidin Rowther vs M K Sultan Mohidina and others Crawford B and Co.

385-10 Wadia G and Co Mand

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

The Committee of the Bombay Chamber of Commerce have decided that Saturday 30th July should be regarded as a Full Weather Working Day for Vessels in the Prince's and Victoria Docks.

MEN-OF-WAR & ROYAL INDIAN MARINE SHIPS.

DOCKYARD.

H M S Redbreast .....Comdr Shuter.....H M S
H M S Perseus .....Comdr Beaty Powell.....H M S
R I M S Lapwing...Lt Comdr MacLean...Royal Navy
R I M S Hardinge.....Comdr Farewell.....R I M
R I M S Northbrook ..Comdr J Marsack.....R I M S
R I M S Dufferin.....Comdr A J Marsack.....R I M
R I M S Investigator...Comdr W Y Beauchamp..... Survey Street
R I M S Polinarus...Comdr Taylor.....R I M S

VESSELS IN THE HARBOUR.—Aug 1.

Ariel .....2208 Race.....W & A Graham & Co
Budric .....1613 Jones.....
Brasiliana.....2429 Snowdon Captain .....
Clematis.....2369 Robinson ...Andrew Zoel & Co
Cowpo .....3155 Falla.....W&A Graham & Co
Dwarka .....759 Moxon.....M M & Co
Feroozi.....2029 Johnstone.....B & P S N& Co
Felician .....27 5 Falck.....T Morrison & Co
Glenchesing.....3067 Craig .....W & A Graham & Co
Hild.....719 Salvesen.....F F Campbell & Co
Lalmi .....1604 Green.....B & P S N & Co
Kola.....510 Morrison .....M M & Co
Najmi .....2522 Hallet .....E & A M Jeewanji
Nowshera .....1961 Rose.....M M & Co
Nadir.....2041 Atkin.....T Morrison and Co
Noshtari .....1109 Watson .....B & P S N & Co
Orissa .....3525 Kedslie.....M M & Co
Shah Jehan .....2566 Born .....B & H S N & Co
Said.....502 Willoughley.B & H S N & Co

VESSELS IN DOCK.—Aug. 1.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessel.	Ton.	Capt.	Dest.	Date.	Agents
B Clan Macpherson	3041	Macpherson	Chittagong	...10 S	...James Finlay & Co
C&R Mahanadi	...547	Ahmed	Karachi	...2 S	...Bo S N Co Ld
D&R Urlana	3383	Carey	...N F	...N F	...M M & Co
F Abydos	1939	Smailes	...N F	...N F	...G Cassum
G Mohammadi	...1251	Geddis	...Persian Gulf	...3 S	...B & P S N & Co
K Kamler	1865	Ulrich	.....Durban	.....3 S	...A Strandis & Co
M Arcadia	3514	Barcham	.....Shanghai	...8-8	...P & O S N Co
N Springburn	...3173	Crosthwaite	..Barrow-in-Furness	2 S	.....W&A Graham & Co
O Rahmani	1872	Coats	...Jeddah	.....6 S	...B & P S N & Co
P Silverdale	2440	McLeod	.....Hull	...7-8	...W & A Graham & Co
Q Nonsuch	2414	Weston	...Hull	...7-8	...W & A Graham & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

2 Castalia	4080	Hamilton	...Liverpool	...11 S	...W & A Graham & Co
3 Kalibia	3149	Stewart	...Dunkirk	...4-8	...W & A Graham & Co
5 Afghanistan	2849	Bliult	.....Havre	.....13 S	...M M & Co
6 Culna	3693	Farquherson	...Antwerp	...3-8	...M M & Co
9 Egypt	4163	Summers	.....London	...13 S	...P & O S N Co
15 Trieste	3203	Witsche	.....Trieste	...1 S	..... A L S N Co

H W V D

Linga	951	Cutbush	...Karachi	...5 S	...M M & Co

M W D D

Virawa	2176	Emmett	...Calcutta	...3 S	...M M & Co

ARRIVALS.

Aug.	Vessels.	Commanders.	From
[illegible]	[illegible]alia	Hamilton ...	Glasgow, July 6
[illegible]	[illegible]a Macpherson..	Macpherson...	Glasgow, June 26
[illegible]	K[illegible]a	Morrison	Suschra, July 24
[illegible]	[illegible]dantari	Watson	Suestra, July 22
[illegible]	Jrlana	Carry	Sourabaya, June 25

DEPARTURES.

Aug.	Vessels.	Commanders.	Destination.
1	Forlak	Roos	Rangoon
	Nudden	Logan	Persian Gulf
	Trieste	Nitsche	Trieste

The following vessels obtain their portclearance on Monday.

Steamer Culna, Farquherson, Antwerp.
" Springburn, Crosthwaite, Manchester.

The following vessels began to load on Monday :—Steamer Abydos, for Rangoon.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The Societa Nazionale DiServizi Maritimi Company's steamer Siracusa from Genoa left Aden on the 30th July and expected to arrive in Bombay on the morning of the 5th instant.

The Messageries Maritimes Companys steamer Dumra left Colombo for Bombay on 31st ultimo and she is expected here on 3rd instant at 3 p.m.

MADRAS.

ARRIVALS.

July	Vessel	From
26	Galavale	Calcutta
29	Clan Shaw	Liverpool
29	Shadwell	London

DAILY EXPORTS.—AUG. 1.

FOR NEW YORK.

Trieste s—250 cwt myrabollams, E Comersey.

FOR HULL.

Silverdale s—5,000 cwts castorseed and 8,000 cwts mowrasseed, Ralli Bros ; 6,000 cwts cottonseed, E Canji ; 4,000 cwts cottonseed, P Cooverji, 1001 cwts castorseed, Sizing Material and Co.

FOR ANTWERP.

Culna s—697 bales cotton, Ralli Bros.

FOR DUNKIRK.

Afghanistan s—110 bales cotton, J A Bagbie and Co ; 25 bales cotton, W Wolf and Sons ; 201 cwts mustardseed, A Blaschcek and Co.

FOR HAMBURG.

Trifels s—2,000 cwts myrabolams, W Bechar; 160 cwts horns, Towner and Co; 1,999 cwts ground nuts, 2,000 cwts poppyseed and 13,000 cwts mowrasseed, Ralli Bros ; 550 bales cotton, Volkert Bros.

FOR TRIESTE.

Trieste s—201 cwts myrabolams, A Khimji.

FOR BREMEN.

Trifels s—2,000 cwts rapeseed, Ralli Bros.

FOR HAVRE.

Afghanistan s—1,804 cwts mustarseed, A Blaschek and Co.

To induce boys of poor parents to settle on the land instead of idling in the city streets, the South Australian Government proposes to offer them twelve months' free training on a farm to be especially established.

PLANS are under consideration for the establishment of an International Railway Commission to have jurisdiction over the carriers, both by land and water, operating between Canada and the United States. At present while both countries have boards authorised to regulate freight and passenger rates within their own borders it is necessary for shippers in the case of dissatisfaction with the existing arrangements to begin proceedings separately before the two bodies. This process is cumbersome and the results are usually disappointing to shippers. It is now proposed that a joint commission should have power to fix the through rates over the American and Canadian lines and to apportion the shares of each line.

LUXURY FOR THE SKIN.

"THE ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP," pleasant to use and whitens and softens the skin, writes Lady Constance Howard. Countess of Wemyss says : "It gives much satisfaction." The ALBION MILK and SULPHUR SOAP is a highly agreeable and beneficial Luxury for the Toilet Bath and Nursery and leaves the skin in a pure, refreshed and healthy condition. Delicately perfumed, Chemists, Grocers, etc., sell it.

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AMERICAN DENTAL SURGEON.
LANSDOWNE HOUSE,
Apollo Bunder, Bombay.

Poona Office : 6, LOTHIAN ROAD.

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12, Dalhousie Square, East, Calcutta.

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COMFORTABLE HOME for CHILDREN of Anglo-Indians. Every care and attention Best Schools near. Terms Moderate. Reference kindly permitted to Mr. D. M. INGLIS, of Messrs. James Finlay & Co., Ltd., Bombay, and Mr. R. KENNEDY, 35, Marine Lines, Bombay.

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PAINTING MATERIALS
for Art Students, Artists, Engineers, etc.
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KALKADEVI ROAD, BOMBAY.

STANDARD OIL CO. OF NEW YORK,
MARSHALL'S BUILDING,
BALLARD ROAD, BOMBAY.

BRAND	Price. Rs. a. p.	
Snowflake, 150 deg.	6 8 2	per case.
White Rose, 150 deg.	6 8 2	" "
Obester, 125 deg.	5 0 2	" "
Devoe's Brilliant, 125 deg.	4 12 2	" "
Monkey, 125 deg.	4 8 2	" "
Elephant, 125 deg.	4 3 0	per two tins.
125 deg. (in Bulk)	3 9 0	per 8 gallons

The Company's Local Agents sell all or any of the above oils at the prices stated. Deliveries of bulk oil on Malabar Hill and Cumballa Hill are made at half an anna extra charge for coolie hire to cover the increased cost of haulage.

All case oil sold by Standard Oil Co. of New York IS IMPORTED IN CASES.

Bandra Agent adds one anna to the above prices excepting for bulk.
Coorla and Andheri Agents add one anna and Thana Agent adds 2 1-2 annas to the above prices.
Order books supplied gratis on application.

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IT IS WORTH KNOWING FOR TRAVELLERS.

HOMOCEA.—The Great Pain Killer.

THILUM.—A certain cure for Rheumatism Gout, Neuralgia, etc.

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TOMCE.—The one minute cure for all sorts of Toothache, Gumboils, Swollen Gums, etc.

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OMUM CARPOOR—Cures all stomach troubles, indigestion, diarrhœa, flatulence, spasms, etc.

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NEMESIS AGUE SPECIFIC,

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A wonder of the Age. The Family Remedy. Instantaneous cure for Cholera, Colic, Cramp, Dyspepsia, Griping.

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By James Douglas. Rs. 5.

THROUGH ASIATIC TURKEY.
(Bombay to the Bosphorous)
By Grattan Geary (2 Vols.) Rs. 10.

BURMA AFTER THE CONQUEST.
By Grattan Geary. Rs. 5.

LAYS OF THE LAW,
(A Selection of Leading Cases.)
By W. E. H. Re. 1.

GIRAS AND GUARANTEE.
Being a Compilation of Decisions, etc. on Questions regarding Giras, Wanta, and other Guaranteed Rights.
By L. P. Parikh, Rs. 6.

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NOTICE TO CORRESPONDENTS.

. All communications of a literary character should be addressed to THE EDITOR, and all communications regarding Advertisements and Business matters generally should be addressed to the GENERAL MANAGER. Communications should no be addressed to any individual member of the staff.

Postal letters and covers should be addressed Box 209, GENERAL POST OFFICE. BOMBAY.

The Bombay Gazette.

Tuesday, 2nd August, 1910.

MINERAL PRODUCTION IN INDIA.

SIR THOMAS HOLLAND and Dr. Fermor of the Geological Survey have completed their report for the quinquennium ending with 1908, on the Mineral Production of this country, which has now been issued by order of the Government of India. In it they show that the degree of development of mining attained in the principal minerals has been highly satisfactory. The total value of those for which reliable statistics are available rose from a little over five million pounds sterling to £7,880,832 in the period under review. It is explained that the values returned for minerals exported are necessarily lower than they would be if the minerals were consumed in the country, and it is consequently unfair to compare the table of value given with countries in which metallurgical industries flourish. Manganese ore is a conspicuous example of a product, which, according to its quality, may be worth thirty to forty shillings a ton to the European steel-maker, but which is of less value to the Indian producer by the heavy cost of transport. The country is thus not only so much poorer by the loss of the metal expected in the ore, but is paid in return little more than half its market-value. The statement is misleading, however, for the simple reason that the mineral is worth no more to this country than it will fetch, as we cannot make use of it ourselves and must be glad to get for it what we can. To fix its value at what it fetches where it is consumed would be more misleading, so the country loses nothing, though it may appear to do so on paper. The totals of the past quinquennium compared with that which preceded it reveal some very large increases—only four exceptions being given. These latter are gold, in which there has been a slight decline in value from the maximum reached in 1905, although the average annual value for the period was greater by £360,000 than in the previous period; rubies in which there was a heavy fall in value in 1908 owing to a decrease both of production and prices, although the average annual value during the period has only been five thousand pounds less than in the previous period; graphite, although the average value for the period is about a thousand pounds greater; and amber, the average value being £286 greater.

An analysis of the returns brings out two main features—the remarkable development of coal, petroleum, gold, salt, manganese ore and mica ; and continuance of the neglect of metalliferous ores and minerals which are necessary to the more complicated chemical and metallurgical industries. As to the latter it is set forth that the principal reason of this neglect is the fact that in modern metallurgical and chemical developments the bye-product has come to be a serious and indispensable item in the sources of profit, and the failure to utilise the bye-products necessarily involves neglect of the minerals that will not pay to work for the metal alone. A country like India, therefore, write the compilers of the report, must be content to pay the tax of imports until industries arise demanding a sufficient number of chemical products to complete an economic cycle, for chemical and metallurgical industries are essentially gregarious in their habits. During the period under review it is shown that a certain amount of serious attention has been given to the development of bauxite, copper-ore and lead-silver ores and it is considered probable that during the next quinquennial period, the smelting of some of these ores in the Indian Empire will become firmly established. Burma is regarded as the most promising province in this respect as smelting of lead slags from Baldwin commenced in 1909. Great progress undoubtedly has been made in the recovery of India's hidden treasure, but still not nearly enough, for comparison with that of other countries accentuate the relative insignificance of our output even of those minerals of which we possess such an abundance. We are still importing quantities that we have ourselves. It is shown that in 1908 alone the total value of the imports of minerals, of products obtained directly from minerals and of articles manufactured from these, was over thirty-two millions, whilst the value of the mineral production of the country was not quite eight millions.

The above statement is pointed to as indicating better than any other figure the scope there is for the development of the mineral industries of India for the supply of the internal consumption of the country quite apart from any markets that might be supplied abroad, India in many cases possessing the mineral resources requisite for the supply of that demand. Coal, of course, is the mineral in which India has made most decided progress. From something over four million tons in 1897, the total went to seven and a half in 1904 and grow to twelve and three-quarters in 1908. The increase during the past five years has equalled nearly seventy-two per cent. and 177 per cent. in the past ten years; this country now ranking first among the British coal-producing dependencies. The final stages of this remarkable increase in the Indian production, as is duly recorded in the report, were worked by what might be called a boom in 1907 and 1908 when demand kept ahead of supply, so that the average prices obtained during 1908 were higher than any previous year and in consequence of which many new coal companies were started. The greater part of this increase is ascribed to normal development of trade, for there was no development of metallurgical industry within the range of coal fields and the general nature of the coal-consuming industries has not changed. The Indian Railways are of course the principal consumers taking ninety-eight per cent. locally; and it does not appear that our own increased supply materially affected imports. But it is maintained that our exports can and ought to be extended. Progress is shown in iron-mining, not enough to tell on foreign iron which yearly increases, but it is held that the figures show there is room in India for a large iron manufacturing industry, which would soon bring in its train the manufacture by machinery and railway plants upon this subject as on others, especially that of manganese-ore, the compilers of the report indite a little heavily and observe, as regards the last of these, that the continued export of manganese-ore in the raw condition with the absence of any attempt to manufacture ferro-manganese in India, cannot, in view of the unlimited full supplies lying idle in India and the annually increasing bill for imported steel, be regarded with unmixed satisfaction. Referring to immediate prospects Messrs. Holland and Fermor write that though the price of manganese-ore shows a tendency to rise, the present depression is likely to continue until the revival in the steel trade leads to markedly increased demand for manganese-ore and even then, the actual work of quarrying cannot be expected to regain its former magnitude until the accumulated stocks of ore have been disposed of.

THE REFORMATION OF CRIMINALS. A CONTRIBUTION to the discussion of the treatment of criminals in jails is made by Lieutenant-Colonel Lane, Inspector-General of Prisons in the Central Provinces. Colonel Lane has made what the Chief Commissioner in his review refers to as a small experiment of permitting religious preachers to address prisoners. Says the Chief Commissioner : "It is necessarily an experiment which requires care and vigilance to prevent abuse ; but it is one which the Chief Commissioner desires should be cautiously extended, while it is a painful necessity that life in jail should be made as deterrent and irksome as is consistent with humanity, it has always been a matter for much regret that there is next to nothing in the jail administration which may operate to appeal to the better feelings of prisoners and evoke in them a desire for reformation apart from the mere avoidance of punishment." This may be regarded perhaps as only half-hearted support of Colonel Lane's efforts, but we must remember that the British Government has only just awakened to the fact that something in the same direction should be attempted. Prisoners in English prisons have always had more or less access to the jail chaplains, but in this country chaplains have not been found in demand. Public opinion has not suggested it. But Colonel Lane takes the lead. He is not an advocate of either harsh or lenient treatment of prisoners, believing that there are two chief ways of producing good material out of bad in our prisons—first by making the prisoners feel that their imprisonment is a punishment and that they have no desire for a repetition ; and second, by moral training. Colonel Lane has worked at the former and it is now better understood, though much remains to be done. He has just started the second method ; and he tells us that in connection therewith, on March 6th, Moulvi Abdul Hai of the Anjuman Islamia High School, delivered his first discourse at the Jubbulpore Central Jail. All Muhammadans, except two, were present, and Major Bensley, after pointing out that the Moulvi was doing this for his love of the work and that he was not a paid servant of Government, etc., left them. The Moulvi's address is said to have had a great effect on the prisoners, and next day an "habitual" on parade asked that the money in his private property might be given to the Moulvi. Major Bensley, who is in charge of the jail, believes that this request was made in all earnestness ; anyhow it is an encouragement to persevere. "While I acknowledge the dangers that may result and the possible incitement of prisoners," writes Colonel Lane, "it is no reason why this training should not be carried on cautiously. I am myself sympathetic with all religions and have a reverence for each—this being so, I can teach and lead, and I have confidence. I have heard of two Pundits who are willing to give their services, but nothing more has been done." In Burma religious instruction has been given to prisoners and it is felt that it must be good to at least some of those who are not thoroughly corrupt at heart and have fallen through bad associations. In the Punjab every Muhammadan is allowed a copy of the Koran among his effects and it has been found that they read it at their leisure and when supposed to be endeavouring to sleep from sundown to sunrise. A similar experiment might profitably be made not only in the Central Provinces, but elsewhere, and not merely with the Koran, but other religious works, in addition to the moral lectures which have been started at Jubbulpore.

STORM BREWING IN SPAIN. IT is difficult to exaggerate the seriousness of Reuter's messages regarding the position in Spain. On both sides preparations apparently are being made for a bitter and probably prolonged struggle. The recall of the Spanish Ambassador to the Vatican can have only one interpretation, that the Government are determined to proceed with their policy in spite of the strongest opposition. The Liberal party in Spain realise that if they suffer defeat on this occasion their ambitions and ideals will receive a blow from which it will take them many years to recover. Therefore they will be certain to resist until the last trench before they will allow themselves to be overwhelmed by the forces of reaction. The Premier has declared in fact that Liberalism is playing its last card, but it relies on "the authority of a democratic King" which is enlisted on its side. We doubt, however, whether the personality of the young King will count for very much in a struggle in which the deepest religious passions will be enflamed, and in which the Church of Rome will exert to the utmost upon her followers the forces of her disciplinary system. The Church of Rome cannot afford to let slip one of the last remaining strongholds of her political power, and every ounce of strength which she can command will be thrown into the scale. She may appeal to passions, which in their outburst will disregard the trammels of law and order, and amongst a nation so steeped in religious fervour and bigotry, such a struggle as that which is commencing can only be viewed with the gravest foreboding. In the guise of a telegram to the clergy, the Pope has issued his manifesto, and this probably heralds the outbreak of the storm, the first burst of which seems to be threatening at Bilbao.

PUBLIC INSTRUCTION IN BARODA. EFFORTS in the direction of the spread of general education continue to be made in the Gaekwar's territory and according to the latest report of His Highness' Education Department in the past year "with the ultimate aim of spreading knowledge among the masses, and of awakening their interest in and keeping them in touch with the intellectual and industrial movements going on in India and other civilised countries," the Maharaja has made a grant of thirty-thousand rupees for opening libraries and reading-rooms in villages where such facilities did not exist before. These facilities are wisely not forced upon the people, but are provided in conformity with the rules. The State contributes as much as the people collect for the purchase of newspapers and periodicals, supplies the institutions with a set of books on literature, art and science, of the value of a hundred rupees, provided the people collect and forward to the State a similar sum, and the libraries remain the property of the public so long as they maintain them in a state of efficiency. Efforts are being made to popularise these institutions. The Local Boards assist, and there are now 178 libraries and reading-rooms in the State possessing books to the value of Rs. 27,725.

THE P. and O. Company's s. s. "Salsette," with the outward mails of the 22nd ultimo, left Aden at 6 p. m. on Sunday and is expected to arrive in Bombay at 6 a. m. on Friday next.

HIS EXCELLENCY the Governor of Madras who is on a shooting trip in Coimbatore bagged a tiger on Saturday.

Two more arrests of political offenders have been made at Dacca and Madaripur in connection with the Khulna conspiracy case.

THE Secretary of State has selected in England three probationers for the Enrolled List of the Financial Department.

THE goods traffic on the B. B. & C. I. Railway for the week ending 9th July 1910, shows a decrease on the corresponding week of 1909 of 2,79,036 maunds and Rs. 33,140 in the earnings.

GENERAL Sirdar Gurditsingh, formerly Prime Minister and at present Member of Administrative Council, Patiala, has resigned his office owing to ill-health,

THE Government of India have under consideration the memorials of various political officers in connection with the last reorganisation of the Political Service, and it is understood that a fresh scheme for the reorganisation of the political service is now being discussed.

HIS HIGHNESS the Maharaja of Travancore's Government have resolved to construct a railway from Trivandrum to the Quilon Terminus of the South Indian Railway. The required expenditure for the surveying of the proposed line has been sanctioned.

MR. GILLAN, Controller and Auditor General, who is now in Simla, will discuss with the Finance Department, the details of the scheme for the amalgamation of the Superior Accounts Branch, P. W. Department, with the enrolled list of the Financial Department. The principal point for discussion is the bringing of the two lists into one and deciding the respective positions of the officers of the amalgamated list.

THE Portuguese Government have promised to afford better coal-loading facilities at Lourenco Marques.

THE well-known Danish explorer, Mr. Knud Rasmussen, has left Copenhagen with a small expedition for a five years' scientific exploration tour in the northern parts of Greenland.

IT is announced that a new institution within Berlin University will be opened on first October next to serve as a central exchange between the learned world in Germany and other countries. It will be modelled on the lines of the Smithsonian Institute in Washington.

MILITARY MATTERS.

(FROM OUR MILITARY CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, JULY 15.

THE visit of the King and Queen to Aldershot has been the event by the week. Every hour of their time was occupied with inspection and visits to various institutions in the garrison. The King spent several hours daily in the saddle, and the Queen was constantly in her motor, or taking long walks over the rough heaths to watch the troops at work. On Thursday morning their Majesties were out on Long Hill shortly after nine to see the opening of the day's brigade training of the 1st Cavalry Brigade and A. M. and Q batteries of the Royal Horse Artillery. They remained until after eleven, when the King returned to the Royal Pavilion to transact official business until lunch, pausing on the way to inspect a muster of the Aldershot Boy Scouts, while the Queen paid a visit to the Louise Margaret Hospital, and the creche, now being completed, to care for the children of soldiers whom their mothers are unable to look after owing to illness. In the afternoon their Majesties motored to Weaver Down, beyond Borden, a distance of nearly twenty miles from Aldershot, where they witnessed an attack practice by the First Infantry Brigade. After this they visited the camp at Longmoor, and did not return to the Royal pavilion until nearly seven o'clock in the evening.

The exercises on the Long Valley were part of the regular training of the First Cavalry Brigade. Hitherto the regiments of the brigade have been engaged in regimental training, and this was the first occasion on which they worked as a brigade during the present season. Colonel Grenfell, 3rd Dragoon Guards, was in command. The troops on parade were the 3rd Dragoon Guards, 7th Hussars, 19th Hussars, and M. Q. and a Batteries Royal Horse Artillery, which are attached to the brigade. Events began with an advance in line of regimental mass from Jubilee Hill towards Long Hill, where the King and Queen, with the Duke and Duchess of Connaught, had taken up their positions. Then swinging to the right, the brigade rode down the full length of the Long Valley in squadron columns, and back again in line of squadron columns. Meanwhile the Royal Horse Artillery batteries had taken up positions, a Battery on Kelmoor, Hill and M and Q Batteries on Miles Hill. As the cavalry moved north along the ridge between Long Valley and Clay-cart Bottom the guns opened fire against them. The horsemen retired behind Jubilee Hill, and the guns moved on to Long Hill, on the other side of the Royal position. This movement was carried out with great spirit, and in the best style of the Royal Horse Artillery. When the guns were in action the cavalry charged in line across the Long Valley against them. It was a very striking and stirring spectacles as the long line of horsemen, moving in a dense cloud of dust, galloped ventre-a-terre for the guns, but it would have been an impossible affair in real warfare in the face of three batteries in action, especially as the cavalry brigade came over the crest in line of squadron columns, and did not form line until after they had come under fire of the guns in this close formation for several minutes. At the close of the operations the King inspected "A" Battery, the famous chestnut troop, on the Long Valley, and then inspected the Cavalry Brigade as it marched past in column of troops.

WOUNDED IN WAR TIME.

Colonel J. Mount Batten, Lord-Lieutenant of Dorset, presided at a largely-attended country meeting at Dorchester this week, for the purpose of organising a system of voluntary aid for the Territorial Force in time of war. Sir Frederick Treves, delivered interesting address, and said the Red Cross Society had already expended in the relief of sick and wounded soldiers in war no less than £500,000 since it was founded by Lord Wantage, and England was the only country in Europe without any Red Cross organisation proper to the country itself. It might be said that this country never would be invaded, but there were those who were competent to form an opinion on the subject who did not hold that view. If there was any doubt about it, for heaven's sake let us be prepared. This was a serious movement, and a woman's movement. Surely the possibility of becoming integral parts of the great citizen army of defence should set ablaze the heart of every woman in England. Sir Frederick proceeded to draw a vivid picture of what would happen if the enemy land in Dorset, say some where on Chesil Beach. There would be a desperate engagement, and in a short time the place would be covered with wounded. At the battle of Colenso they actually had to receive 1,100 wounded even before their wagons were unpacked. The wounded would probably be taken to a little Dorset village near, and put into the tents of the field ambulance ; but the fact that would terrify the minds of everybody was that the field ambulance must follow the column, and when the column moved on the wounded would be left on the ground. There was no army in Europe in which any arrangement was made to fill up the gap between the field ambulance on the battlefield and the general hospital at the base. Supposing a couple of thousand wounded men were left and the column moved on, unless there was some organised system of voluntary aid ordinary kindness was absolutely useless. The vicar might take two of the men and the schoolmaster one, but it would all be chaos. It was in such an emergency as this that the voluntary aid detachment would come in. The men would take up the wounded on stretchers and carry them to the clearing areas, and the women would look after them. This was a pressing and absolute public service, and unless this organisation was provided the terible spectacle he had mentioned would in case of war, inevitably be seen, and thousands of their fellow-countrymen might be left to the elements on the Dorset Downs almost within sight of a town. It had been said to him many times that this was hardly woman's work, but that was a curious argument at the present day when women seemed so anxious to obtain something to do. If it was not a woman's work to look after their sick and wounded countrymen in time of invasion, whose was it ? He gave some striking details of the splendid work done by the women of Natal during the Boer War, and quoted the words of Queen Alexandra at Buckingham Palace in 1905, when her Majesty appealed to all the women of the Empire to assist in carrying on this great scheme. It was a Red Cross movement, and under no circumstances could it be allowed to languish in this country, which was the birthplace of Florence Nightingale. On the motion of Colonel E. H. Simonds, secretary of the County Territorial Association, the meeting decided unanimously to do its utmost to assist the society in organising a system of voluntary aid.

MISHAP TO A ARMY DIRIGIBLE.

The Army airship Beta, which on Tuesday made a spectacular flight over London, circling St. Paul's, and returned to Aldershot, met with less success on an equally adventurous voyage undertaken next day. In charge of Lieut. Brooke-Smith, R. E., she ascended at Farnborough common shortly before two o'clock in the afternoon, her intended destination being Bournemouth. The dirigible at once took a south-westerly course, following the London and South-Western Railway line, with a fair wind behind her. Nearly half the journey had been accomplished in good style when, owing to the breaking of a crank, the aeronauts were compelled to make descent, at about half-past two. Quite safely and without any further mishap to the airship or its three occupants, the Beta came down in a field at the village of Abotts Ann, two miles west of Andover. The occurrence west of Andover. The occurrence was immediately reported to the balloon headquarters at Aldershot, and spare parts were sent on, mechanicians also arriving in motor-cars. A number of soldiers were secured from Tidworth, and, with their aid, the Beta was moved about two miles to a foundry near Andover.

The non-arrival of the Beta at Bournemouth, and the consequent spread of more of less disturbing rumours, occasioned no little anxiety, and, as the authorities at Aldershot were unusually reticent reports happily unfounded, of a serious accident gained currency. Next morning at day break repairs were begun.

Owing to the character of the defect in the engine, and in consequence of the obstacles encountered, great care had to be exercised in the towing. The engineers, however, were successful in their task, and the Beta was at length safely sheltered at Burying. The envelope was kept fully inflated, and the engine was detached and taken to the ironworks of Messrs. Tasker, where engineers from the Aldershot airship department worked throughout the night repairing the damage. By about half-past five in an afternoon the airship was again ready for flight, and started to return to Aldershot. The repairs to the engine crank were completed before midday, and trials of the engine proved completely satisfactory. The Beta ascended splendidly and went off at a high altitude, and at good speed. She accomplished the return journey to Aldershot in four hours twenty minutes, the total distance covered being forty-two miles. She descended near the gates of the balloon factory, where a squad of men took it in tow as soon as the ropes dropped within reach, and quickly had it safely housed. Those who were on board when the mishap occurred state that the Beta behaved splendidly on the journey from Aldershot, and, but for the engine giving out would have successfully accomplished the flight to Bournemouth. Repeated trials are to be undertaken, with a view to utilising the Beta in the forthcoming great Army manœuvres.

HYDERABAD NOTES.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

HYDERABAD, JULY 26.

The rise of the River Moosi, this morning, agreeably surprised the people at the capital and disappointed the hopes of greedy grain-dealers considering that nearly two months of the rainy season have gone by, and that the rainfall has barely registered eight inches, the apprehension prevailed that famine conditions would supervene. The rise of the Moosi means that the districts which are the centres of food supplies are not suffering from drought. For this blessing the poor were to be seen on their bended knees, offering thanksgiving and prayers to their respective deities.

Last Sunday morning a party of youngsters went on a picnic excursion to a village called Oopal, about 8 or 9 miles distant from the City, and after making a pleasant repast, one of their number, a lad named Edward Solomon, about 17 years of age, left the party, followed by his dog. Coming by a stream, he was tempted to have a swim, and stripping himself, he jumped into the water (which was only waist-deep). The dog, not seeing him rise again, returned to camp and showed by his gestures and whining that there was something amiss, and struck by the animal's extraordinary demeanour, the excursionists went in search of their missing friend, the faithful dog giving the lead. On reaching the "nallah" they discovered Solomon's clothes hard by and his body lying still under the water, apparently lifeless. They at once informed the nearest police and recovered the body by the help of a villager. At the "Panchnama" evidence went to show that the deceased for some months past had been addicted to fits and that when he got into the water he apparently had an attack which cost him his life. This theory being a reasonable one and there being nothing in the shape of external marks to suggest violence or foul play, the verdict of the "Panch" was in accordance with those circumstances. The corpse was brought home late in the evening and buried last evening in the Roman Catholic cemetery in Nampanguda, most of the boys of the All Saints Institution, who were fellow-students of the unfortunate youth, being present. Father Offeddi read the burial service.

I am sorry to hear that the finances of the local Branch of the Society of St. Vincent de Paul are in too poor a condition to continue the good work which it has so laudably carried on from its foundation two decades ago. It is true that the benevolent Government of H. H. the Nizam allows the Society a monthly grant of Rs. 25 ; but the demands on it are so heavy that more funds are urgently needed. The annual letteries fetch very little, nothing worth speaking about, while collections from the Catholic congregation and the public are beggerly. The local Friend-in-Need Society is financially strong, while its credit balances in the Bank are large and regularly increasing. But of what earthly use is this when it is the fact that the miserly-stricken have to fall back on the St. Vincent de Paul's Society, which, distributes its doles without regard to caste or creed among the deserving poor. If the Friend-in-Need Society would only loosen its purse-strings and fulfil its obligations to the poor and needy in a similar spirit of charity and thereby relieve the sister institution of the demands made upon its generosity, the threashened annihilation of St. Vincent de Paul's Society would be overcome and it will be able to do all the good that could come out of it.

KATHIAWAR NEWS.

Our Bhavnagar correspondent writes :—A Garden party was given by His Highness the Maharaja last evening in honour of title of C. I. E. having been conferred upon the Dewan Saheb. The Thakore Saheb of Limdi and the Heir-Apparent of Gondal were among those present.

There has been rainfall varying from 10 to 56 cents at Bhownagar, Sehore, Songad, Dhola, Ojalvar, Botad, Ranpur, Chuda, Limbdi, Wadhwan, Chital, Jaspur, and Jetalsar. Junagad has received 95 during this week.

THE JAPANESE AMBASSADOR AND THE PRESS.

The annual dinner of the Foreign Press Association in London was held on July 13 at the Waldorf Hotel. M. de Wesselitzky (the president occupied the chair, and the company included the Japanese Ambassador, Prince Tokugawa, the Mayor of Tokyo and Mrs. Osaki, and Seyed Ameer Ali.

The Japanese Ambassador, responding to the toast of "The Guests," proposed by M. Miyatovitch, said that one of the things that had led him to accept the invitation to that banquet was the close relation of the international Press with diplomacy. The object of the latter was the promotion of peace and harmony between the nations. It was somewhat difficult for him to say what was the object of the Press and the foreign correspondents. To a certain extent, no doubt, it was to satisfy the curiosity of the readers. A piece of scandal, for instance, was sometimes telegraphed at great length in minute details, sometimes to such an extent as to make one wonder what real good was served by the intelligence. By the help of the correspondents the news of events happening in different parts of the world was transmitted for the readers' enlightenment. That he took to be the true object of journalists, and at least the object that ought to be aimed at, by them in carrying out the duties of their profession. By their help the readers were enabled to form judgments upon a proper and sound basis. It must be admitted that sometimes false news was transmitted. These things frequently annoyed officials and diplomatists, but, taking as a whole, the wonder was not that so many mistakes were made, but that there were so few errors, in view of the shortness of the time generally at the disposal of the correspondents and the very great difficulties occasionally surrounding them in the prosecution of their work. By their help and assistance nations were able to understand and appreciate each other. That knowledge was an essential principle requisite for the promotion of peace and the maintenance of harmony between them. In that sense the journalists, particularly the correspondents of foreign newspapers, were very powerful and useful allies of the diplomatists. Let them each work in their respective spheres for their common object.

THE Canadian Department of Militia and Defence has sent an invitation for a party of ten cadets from Surrey with their commander to visit Canada and shoot there during the Dominion Rifle Association meeting at Rockcliffe

RELIGIOUS FREEDOM.

STRUGGLE COMMENCING IN SPAIN.

Pope's Appeal to the Priests.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

In reply to many telegrams of support from Spanish clericals, the Pope has wired that amid his grief at the Government's action, he is stimulated by numerous expressions of faith and valour. He implores continued support, and sends his benediction.

The Message has created a profound impression throughout Spain, and is being printed and distributed broadcast. It is regarded as a declaration of war.

LATER.

Yesterday was tranquil at Bilbao. The organisers of the projected demonstration confined themselves to sending His Holiness the Pope a telegram of devotion. A monster Catholic demonstration is being organised for the 7th of August. Priests in villages are preaching and denouncing the Government.

[The Madrid correspondent of the "Times" wrote on July 14:—The difficulties between Spain and the Vatican are of two classes between which it is necessary to make a clear distinction. One is the highly complicated question of internal administration involved by the necessary regulation of the status of the religious orders, and the other the broader question of progress towards the establishment of complete liberty of conscience and freedom of worship.

The Concordat signed on March 20, 1851, in the reign of Isabella II. and the pontificate of Pius IX., completed by various subsequent agreements, still rules the relations between both parties in spite of its having been interrupted by the Revolutions of 1854 and 1868. During the long and laborious negotiations which preceded the signing of the Concordat, one of the points upon which it was found most difficult to come to terms was that of the re-establishment of the religious orders, banished from Spain since 1836; and, indeed, a clear understanding was never effected. Article 29 of the Concordat provided that the Government of her Catholic Majesty should take the necessary dispositions for the establishment of the Orders of St. Vincent de Paul, St. Philip Neri, and "one other amongst those approved by the Holy See," so that throughout the Peninsula the Prelates "might have at their disposal a sufficient number of ministers and preachers for the purpose of missions in the villages of their dioceses, to help the parish priests, assist the sick, and carry out works of charity and public utility."

THE RELIGIOUS ORDERS.

On the demand of the Prelates for the wants of their dioceses congregations of all denominations have established themselves in Spain, their numbers increasing after the loss of the Spanish colonies and as a result of the measures of secularization in France. Indeed, so little restraint has been put on their establishment that it is impossible to know what number of monks and nuns exist in the country, the register prescribed by the Law on Associations of 1887 and by the Decree signed by the Queen Regent in 1901 having never been properly kept. In 1904 available statistics gave the number of nuns as being 40,630, living in 2,656 convents, and 10,630 monks or brothers in 597 establishments. Compared with the figures in 1800, which were 59,768 monks in 2,011 establishments and 33,630 nuns in 379 convents, it is remarkable that the order is reversed, there being now many more nuns than monks. Of the 597 establishments of monks, 18 are dedicated to industry and commerce, nine being agriculturist, 294 establishments teach, and 39 are occupied in charitable works. Of the nuns 1,829 convents are given up to charities and 910 to teaching. These figures speak for themselves, although it is probable that they are underestimated, and the exact statistics at present being compiled by the Minister of the Interior should be waited for before a definite judgment is formed. The numbers given, however, are sufficient to explain the immense hold the teaching orders have on a country where the official schools are disgracefully deficient.

ARTICLE XI. OF THE CONSTITUTION.

The Spanish Kings from Philip II. downwards have always shown a great degree of independence, restraining the Papal intrusions by imposing the "exequatur regium" even on documents relating to purely spiritual matters. On the other hand Rome has for centuries found in Spain her most willing child in matters of doctrine. One can easily understand, therefore, the opposition raised by Rome when Article XI. of the present Constitution came under discussion in the Cortes in 1876. After innumerable corrections and many speeches by the Bishops its text was finally passed, by 113 votes against 40, as follows:—

The Roman Catholic Apostolic religion is the religion of the State. The nation takes the obligation to maintain the cult and its ministers. No one shall be hindered by reason of his religious opinions nor in the exercise of his cult, except with regard to the respect due to Christian morals. Nevertheless no other manifestations or public ceremonies will be permitted than those of the religion of the State.

The Constitution once promulgated, the Pope accepted the "fait accompli," and was content to make an energetic protestation against "an innovation offensive to the sacred rights of the Church," hoping that the conduct of the Government with regard to the application of the objectionable article would be such as to allow the Pontificate to refrain from adopting other measures, and that "in successive organic laws the prerogatives Church and the authority of the Bishops would be fully respected."

THE PRESENT SITUATION.

The unsatisfactory character of the situation as above described has been long felt by all parties; and in recent years it has been Conservative Governments which have gone the furthest on the road to reform. Under Senor Maura's Government of 1904, the Minister of State, Don Faustino Rodriguez San Pedro, negotiated an agreement with the Papal Nuncio, Monsignor Rinaldini, reforming the Concordat. This document, consisting of 13 articles, in which it was stipulated, amongst other things, that the Royal Order of 1902 (the enforcement of which has now raised such a hue and cry) should be observed, was favourably reported upon by a Commission of the Senate on July 14, 1904. It was destined, however, never to come under discussion in the Cortes, through the fall of Senor Maura's Cabinet. Meanwhile, the Republicans and part of the advanced Liberals made "Down with Clericalism" their war-cry, and demanded, besides the reform of the Constitution in regard to the free exercise of all cults, civil marriage and the secularization of the Church.

Such was the position when Senor Canalejas, who was carrying on the negotiations with Rome initiated by former Cabinets, took the bull by the horns and secured his Majesty's signature to the recent Royal Decrees. Although innocent enough in themselves, the measures announce a decided policy by which the Premier has proclaimed his determination to stand or fall. They are meant as an indication to Rome that some agreement must be speedily come to, or the Spanish Government will have to take the settlement of the matter into his own hands. They also indicate that the Government has the decided intention of separating the question of religious tolerance, the regulation of which must be regarded as prerogative of the Civil power, from that of the status of the religious orders. A campaign of the most violent character at first broke out initiated by a formal protest signed by the Spanish Bishops. After the first outcry, however, and in view of the dignified attitude observed by the Government, matters have somewhat quieted down and the moderate tone in which the Archbishop of Saragossa initiated the defence of the Prelates point of view in the Senate on July 8 has favourably impressed even the most advanced parties. This peaceful one was maintained later by the Bishop of Madrid, and his wise words won a full and open declaration from the Premier. When education is wanting and ignorance is rife, it is an easy matter to stir up public feeling, especially when the tinder to be set alight is the warm feelings of the Carlist peasants ever ready to obey a generous impulse. It is not considered possible that a rising could gain importance, and it would be in any case quickly stamped out. In the large towns a clerical movement is out of the question. That a certain part, at least, of the Clericals fear Radical persecution is shown by the recent addition of double sheet-iron gates to the doors of the principal Jesuit establishment in the centre of Madrid.]

THE TIBETAN SITUATION.

Dalai Lama's Intentions.

BRITISH TROOPS MOVING.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

Reuter wires from Peking that the Chinese affirm that danger on the frontier lies in the Tibetans attacking the British Agencies resenting the British refusal to assist in restoring the Dalai Lama. China is now considering his reinstatement as the sole means of tranquillising the Lamaists.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DARJEELING, AUGUST 1.

This station has for some time past been full of gossip regarding the situation in Tibet. The action of the Government of India shows that in case of any trouble Gnatong and Siliguri will be the principal scenes of activity, in which Darjeeling will have no little part of interest. The Dalai Lama is living here quietly and is disappointed with the recent pronouncements of British policy in Tibet. The chance of his return to Tibet is now remote, and he has abandoned the idea of proceeding to Peking, but a report is current that he is seriously contemplating the idea of sending one of his secretaries to Europe to lay his case before the British authorities. The precautionary measure taken by the Government of India in warning troops to be in readiness for service in Tibet is welcomed by the Tibetans and the public. According to Tibetan reports, Chinese ways and methods are proving very unacceptable to the people of Tibet.

SIMLA, AUGUST 1.

No further development of any importance has taken place in connection with Tibet, but precautionary arrangements are proceeding. Orders have been issued for the 48th Pioneers to move at once from Allahabad to Siliguri where Colonel Somerset and his officers will camp. Orders have also issued for the mobilization of No. 1 Company, 1st Sappers, at Rurki and they will move at once to the base at Siliguri. The Second Battalion of the 10th Guards has to stand fast at Almora for the present, but but Colonel of the column has all arrangements ready to move at any time.

CAMDEN TOWN MURDER

How the Arrests were Effected.

POLICE DISGUISED AS PILOTS.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, JULY 31.

Crippen, when arrested, was extremely cool. He told Inspector Dew he was glad the suspense was over.

Miss Leneve collapsed and wept profusely. She is under a doctor's care, and has resumed female garb.

An army of correspondents boarded the "Montrose" from the tug after the arrest.

Disguised as pilots, Dew and two policemen boarded the "Montrose" from a rowing boat." Crippen was walking the deck with the ship's surgeon. He exclaimed: "Three pilots are coming on board. Isn't this unusual?" The doctor did not reply. Dew walked past Crippen and made sure of his man. Then, he said, "Crippen, I want you." Crippen did not resist. He was taken below. Both he and Miss Leneve are being taken to Quebec.

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

A quantity of diamond rings, believed to be his wife's, were found in the possession of Crippen. The couple will re-sail for England on the 4th of August. Neither is opposing immediate extradition, and both declare their innocence.

After his arrest, Crippen fell into a long and profound sleep, the first for many days.

The correspondents assembled at Father Point formed all kinds of wild schemes to board the "Montrose" before Inspector Dew. One of the most ingenious plans was made by three reporters, who arranged for a tug to leave them on board a raft in the course of the "Montrose," proposing to signal and get picked up as shipwrecked sailors.

The prevalence of fog alone frustrated the scheme. The whole of the correspondents are accompanying the "Montrose" to Quebec."

LATER.

Crippen and Miss Leneve were landed at Quebec and charged to-day with murder and being accessory before the fact respectively. The girl landed in a tweed suit. Her stewardess is certain that Miss Leneve was not aware of any foul play in connection with the disappearance of Belle Elmore.

I. M. S. EXAMINATION.

Parsee Heads the List.

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

In the examination for the fifteen vacancies in the Indian Medical Service twenty-nine candidates entered. Three Indians were successful, one, Mr. Phiroz Barucha, heading the list.

RAILWAY CONCILIATION BOARDS.

Serious Complaints of Men.

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

A serious agitation is on foot among Great Northern and Great Eastern railwaymen, who are dissatisfied at the working of the Conciliation Boards. They allege that the Companies are misapplying recent arbitration awards.

TURKEY AND GREECE.

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

Naby Bey called on the Greek Minister in Constantinople yesterday, and declared that the interview published in the "Tanin," reflecting on the King and Crown Prince of Greece, was incorrect.

TERRIBLE SHOP FIRE IN LONDON.

Five Women Killed.

[THROUGH REUTER'S AGENCY.]

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

A fire identical with that which took place in the establishment of Messrs. Arding and Hobbs at Clapham Junction in December last, broke out in a drapery emporium in Accrington late on Saturday evening. An electric wire fused, igniting the goods in the window. The shop was crowded with customers, and a wild stampede took place. The shop was gutted. The bodies of three assistants and two customers, all women, have since been found.

ROYAL VISIT TO LONDON HOSPITAL.

Appreciative Comment.

LONDON, AUGUST. 1.

The Royal visit to the London Hospital which was conducted throughout simply and unostentatiously, coming after the visits to the Army and Navy, in which the essential note was thorough inspection, not reviewing, forms the subject of extremely favourable comments. Newspapers dwell on the remarkable reception by the great crowd in the City which was appreciative of the King's keenness to see everything for himself.

REFORMS IN PERSIA.

Foreign Advisers to be Employed.

LONDON, JULY 31.

Reuter telegraphs from Teheran that the Cabinet has announced its intention immediately to employ foreign advisers to undertake reforms of the police, to improve the provincial administration, to increase the provincial garrisons and take steps to cover the budget deficit.

OBITUARY.

LONDON, AUGUST 1.

The deaths are announced of Lieut-General Sir J. Clerk-Rattray and Canon Benham.

[Lieut-General Sir James Clerk-Rattray was born in 1832, was educated at Rugby and entered the Army in 1851. He served with the 90th Light Infantry in the Crimea, including the Siege and Fall of Sebastopol and was severely wounded at the Redan. He also fought through the Indian Mutiny, being one of the relieving force at Lucknow, and been twice mentioned in despatches for his conduct here. He was present in the defence of Alum-Bagh under Outram. He was promoted Lieut.-General in 1881].

[The Rev. William Benham, D.D., F.S.A., F.K.C.L., had been Rector of St. Edmond's, Lombard Street, since 1882 and an honorary Canon of Canterbury since 1886. He was born at Westmeon, Hants, in 1831, being the son of James Benham, the village postmaster. Always a studious turn of mind, young Benham after going to school at St. Mark's College, Chelsea, became the village schoolmaster at the age of 18. After three years he gave up this post to become a private tutor, and after spending a year as a student at King's College, he was eventually ordained in 1857. He then became a tutor at St. Mark's College, Chelsea, holding the appointment till 1864. Then for three years he was Editorial Secretary of the S. P. C. K. at the same time from 1864-73 being Professor of Modern History at Queen's College. He was the author of a number of theological works. His only recreation, according to his own statement, was riding on the tops of omnibuses.]

THE IN-COMING MAIL.

ADEN, JULY 31.

The P. and O. s.s. "Salsette," with the English mails of the 22nd ultimo, left for Bombay at 6 p. m. this evening.

The s.s. "Mooltan" left for Colombo and Australia, also at 6 p. m.

BOY VOLUNTEERS AND THEIR ARMS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 1.

With a view to prevent gunshot accidents and illicit traffic in arms, the suggestion has been made by the "Englishman" not to allow youthful volunteers, unrestricted liberty in the use of firearms. Dealers in arms and ammunition, it is suggested, should be legally prohibited from having business transactions with youths below twenty-one. Purchasers of arms should obtain permission in writing from their Commandants. Arms should be taken from boy volunteers immediately after the occasion for their use has passed. It is expected that this would eliminate an undesirable element.

A SWAMI'S CARELESSNESS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, AUGUST 1.

A telegram from Tinnevelly states that the police have prosecuted Sri Vanamamalai Jheer, the Swami or high priest of Nanguneri, Tinnevelly district, for failure to deposit fire arms on the expiry of his license. The District Magistrate has passed orders that while the Swami undoubtedly committed a breach of the law, in view of the sanctity attached to his person and office and of the apology he had made for his carelessness, the Magistrate permitted the withdrawal of the prosecution.

IMPROVEMENT OF DACCA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, AUGUST 1.

It is understood that a Dacca City Improvement Committee will soon be formed on Bombay Lines. The Committee will consist of six official and two non-official members with powers to add to their numbers. The points to be considered by the committee are: (1) the widening of the streets, (2) the opening of new streets for direct communication with the new town, and (3) the drainage question. There is a proposal to close canals in the town and replace them with the navigable canal. Now for this purpose a self trap experiment at a cost of one thousand rupees to be met from the Imperial Sanitary Grant has been sanctioned; and a sceptic installation for the disposal of sewage and at a cost of thirteen lakhs is in contemplation. Provision for these is, it is expected, to be made in next year's budget. All these schemes will be launched before His Honor retires.

THE "YUGANTAR" TRIAL.

Remarkable Evidence.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 1.

Interesting evidence was given to-day at the Calcutta Police Court by a young Bengali witness in the case in which Provash Chandra Deb is charged, under the sedition sections of the Indian Penal Code, with printing and circulating the "Yugantar" leaflets.

He said he was introduced to accused by Srish Chandra Chakravarti, a neighbour. Accused asked witness what is the aim of his life. Witness said he had no aim. Accused said "Will you work for the interest of the country?" Witness agreed, and he was taken to the Kagratola burning-ghat at Kalighat. Witness fasted one day and took the vow that he would not give up the cause of the country and he also took a vow with these words:—"I shall look to all people like myself." Accused Provash was present there. He used to read Swadeshi books and also used to read them out to witness. Witness used to call him Provasda. Witness saw accused writing. He saw him writing in accused's house and in the house of Srish Chakravarti. Witness saw the paper when the writing was completed. There was the heading "Yugantar." Witness remembered some portion. It was to the effect, "I am not dead yet. I have appeared before the public." Witness was sent to accused Jnanendra's house by Provash. Provash asked him to enquire how the paper has gone on. It means how far the printing of the paper has gone to. Witness asked Jnandra who took him to the Binapani Press in the Lower Chitpur Road. Witness went there on a Friday prior to a Monday when the house of Jnandra was searched. Witness saw accused Sircar composing from the manuscript of "Yugantar" written by Provash. On Monday morning witness was in Provash's house till 2 a. m. At 11 a. m. when witness was in Provash's house he saw Jnanendra bring a bundle of printed "Yugantar" leaves and gave them to accused Provash and in the afternoon Jnanendra brought the bundle of the "Yugantar" leaves and gave them to accused Provash, Witness knew Nobin Thakur. Witness was arrested by two policemen on Wednesday morning.

The case was adjourned.

ALL INDIA EDWARD MEMORIAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST. 1.

Subscriptions to the All India Edward Memorial now exceeds twenty-six thousand rupees. The following are the principal donors:—His Highness the Maharaja of Kashmir, Rs. 5,000; His Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad, Rs. 5,000; His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Rs. 5,000; His Highness the Maharaja of Jodhpur, Rs. 5,000; Her Highness the Begum of Bhopal, Rs. 5,000; Hon'ble Mr. A. M. Ker, Rs. 1,000, and the Hon'ble Malik Mobariz Khan Tiwana, Rs. 5,000.

Further subscriptions may be sent to the head offices or branches throughout India of the Bank of Bengal or the Alliance Bank of Simla.

EXPLOSION IN POWDER STOREROOM.

Workman Blown Up.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, AUG. 1.

News comes from Rohri that a workman, employed in blasting operations there, walked into one of the rooms of the new railway buildings in which some powder was stored. He had a match in his hand and the powder being ignited by a spark, he and the room were blown up.

RAILWAY NEWS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST. 1.

The Railway Board will shortly proceed with the preparation of the Triennial Programme. Already a forecast of demands from all important railways, except the N.-W. Railway, has been received and normal programmes have been framed for the open lines. It is expected that the next programme will be based upon sixteen and three-quarter crores.

A tentative programme will be discussed with the Railway Managers and Agents who will come up to Simla next month in connection with the Railway Conference.

GUNNERS CHARGED WITH BICYCLE THEFT.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, AUGUST 1.

Hopwood and Simpson, Gunners of R. F. A., stationed at Bangalore, were charged at the Madras Criminal Sessions with the theft of a bicycle. The prosecution states that accused hired a bicycle for two hours from a native firm of Bangalore, but took it to a neighbouring village where they left it at the Travellers' Bungalow and then deserted to Pondicherry where they were arrested. The jury did not believe there was any intention to steal the bicycle and acquitted both accused.

THE MACKARNESS PAMPHLET.

Test Case Filed at Calcutta.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 1.

A case has been filed in the Calcutta High Court on behalf of Babu Prithis Chandra Roy, Editor of the "Indian World "to test the validity of the order of the Government, forfeiting the pamphlet by Mr. Mackarness regarding the Indian Police. The case will be tried by a Bench composed of three Judges. The date of the hearing has not yet been fixed.

POLITICAL INCITEMENT IN INDIA.

Mrs. Besant's Appeal to Theosophists.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, AUGUST 1.

Mrs. Besant, as President of the Theosophical Society, has issued an appeal to all Theosophists to respond cordially to any interest displayed in their work by Government and their officials and to endeavour in every way to allay political excitement and check unworthy suspicions. Seeing that there are over 300 Theosophical lodges in India and a considerable number of scattered members in places where no lodges exist it cannot be doubted that this organisation can do much to promote understanding between the people and Government.

CAWNPORE MUNICIPALITY.

Bad Financial Position.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CAWNPORE, AUGUST 1.

The Annual Administration report of the Cawnpore Municipality shows that notwithstanding substantial enhancements of Municipal ground rentals, license tax and other municipal assessments, the financial state of the Municipality is anything but satisfactory. So unsatisfactory in fact it was that in May 1909 it would have been impossible to meet salary and establishment charges had not special efforts been made to collect taxes sufficient to meet this. The bills balance fell as low as Rs. 600 and at the present moment a large number of bills presented and due cannot be paid because payment would more than exhaust the balance. As a result moreover of serious deficiency in the estimated yield of terminal tax and toll which fluctuate violently, all possible measures to reduce expenditure were taken and towards the end of the year when it became apparent that the yield from these two taxes would be even less than revised budget anticipated all expenditure except such as it was absolutely necessary to incur was suspended. It was only by a recourse to this drastic measure that actual expenditure incurred during the year exceeded slightly the income realised.

SAMITY MEMBERS.

One Convicted and Another Arrested.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, AUGUST 1.

Suresh Chandra Majumdar, formerly a prominent member of Anushilan Samity, has been convicted by the Deputy Magistrate, Mr. Suresh Chandra Singha, for stealing the bicycle of one Matilal Roy and fined rupees fifty.

In connection with Dokshin Maishandi revolver find case Nitai Banikya and the grosser in whose shop the articles were found have been arrested.

One Radhika Bhusan Roy who was a member of the Samity and under police surveillance has been arrested under section 55, Criminal Procedure Code, for his giving a false name and not being able to give satisfactory account of himself to the police.

POLICE SUB-INSPECTOR.

Charged with Murder.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

KARACHI, AUGUST 1.

A Mahomedan Sub-Inspector of Police at Larkana named Umedali has been committed by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate of Larkana to the Sessions Court on the charge of murder. It is stated that the Sub-Inspector went to a certain village near Larkana to execute a warrant of arrest against a badmash when some relations of the latter attacked him. He thereupon returned to the village armed with a gun and fired it, killing the father-in-law of accused.

WAGES OF SKILLED LABOUR.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LAHORE, AUGUST 1.

Some interesting facts regarding the wages of skilled and unskilled labour are contained in the annual Sanitary Administration Report in the Punjab.

Wages of able bodied labourers ranged during the first half of 1909 from Rs. 4 to Rs. 6 per mensem in Dera Ghazi Khan, Muzaffergarh, and Gurgaon to rates as high as Rs. 14 in Amballa, Rs. 15 in Sialkot, Shahpur, Lyallpur and Rs. 16 in Ludhiana. In the case of masons, carpenters and blacksmiths the lowest wages ranged from Rs. 15 to 20 in Hissar, Gurgaon, Dera Ghazi Khan, Rohtok, Karnal, Muzzafferpur, Delhi, Kangra, and Hoshiarpur, and the highest rates were from Rs. 30 to 37-1-2 in Ludhiana, Ferozepur, Amritsar, Sialkot, Shahpur, Mianwali, Jhang, Jhelum, Rawalpindi, Lahore, Gujranwala, Montgomery and Lyallpur. Increased wages were paid to artisans of these classes during the later half of the year owing to activity of the building trade and greater demand for labour in consequence of the opening of new factories.

MURDER OF A WHOLE FAMILY.

Man, Wife and Three Children Killed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, AUGUST 1.

The report reached Rangoon to-day of the brutal murder of a Burman family consisting of man, his wife and three children in the Pegu district on Saturday midnight. The body of a girl, aged fifteen, was found on the public road by the police with nine dah and spear wounds. In the dead girl's house compound the bodies of the father and mother with several wounds were found brutally hacked. The boy's body was discovered later at the bottom of a well and after a searching inquiry the baby's body with fourteen wounds on it was recovered from a clump of bamboos a short distance away.

No clue to the murderers has been found and no motive is known for the terrible crime. Big rewards are offered for the detection of the murderers.

THE "TALWAR" AND "BANDE MATARAM."

Copies in Alipore.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUG. 1.

To-day a copy each of the "Talwar" and "Bande Mataram" was received by post at the Alipore Judge's Court Bar Library. The cover looked like having been pasted in some place in Europe. The papers along with the cover were sent immediately in a sealed cover to the District Superintendent of Police, Alipore, by the Secretary of the Library.

CROPS IN UPPER BENGAL.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 1.

Telegraphic information has been received here to the effect that the flood in Champaran, Darbhanga and Muzaffarpur have greatly damaged the crops. Darbhanga has suffered especially, nearly the whole district being under water and almost the total loss of bhadoi crops is feared.

THE POONA SEASON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, JULY 31.

The past week has been chiefly noticeable for the number of farewell parties given to Sir John and Lady Muir-Mackenzie. This is not the place for criticisms or eulogies of matters official, but Sir John and Lady Muir-Mackenzie's names have been so much to the front in connection with the different social events and philanthropic movements that take place in Poona, that their departure calls for special mention in a letter of this sort. Throughout the whole period of Sir John Muir-Mackenzie's residence in Poona he has always entertained most hospitably, and Lady Muir-Mackenzie, during the last five years, has been a hostess whose charming personality and gracious manners have made her popular with everyone. Lady Muir-Mackenzie has been a notable example of the fact that even in a gay military station where "there is no time for anything," it is quite possible to fulfil all the social duties of a high position and at the same time take a very real and active interest in more serious matters. She has always given the closest personal attention to the work of the many associations, of which she has been President and under her guidance they have grown and flourished in a most remarkable way. The National Indian Association, the Dufferin Fund and the Society for the Protection of Children are amongst some of those in which she was specially interested. The idea of a Ladies' Club in Poona where Indians and Europeans might meet was largely due to her initiation, and after much hard work on her part and that of the different secretaries, she will be able to say good-bye to it as an assured success. To do something to improve the condition of the women of India has been the great ambition of Lady Muir-Mackenzie's heart, and it may truthfully be said that the great strides that have been made in this direction in this part of India during the last few years are in a large measure due to her. She has been an ardent believer in the advantages of education and took a great interest in the Girls' schools in Poona, never failing to give both to students and teachers that encouragement which visits from a sympathetic and interested visitor inspire.

The first event of the week was the large gathering of the National Indian Association which quite filled the Council Hall on Monday afternoon. H. E. Sir George Clarke was present and there was a short programme of music, English, Hindu and Mohamedan. The members were photographed with the Governor and a framed copy was presented to Lady Muir-Mackenzie.

On Tuesday there was a crowded reception at Government House attended by everyone in Poona, and special interest was added on this occasion by the announcement of Sir George Clarke's engagement.

On Wednesday the members of the Deccan Moslem League gave a farewell party to Sir John and Lady Muir-Mackenzie at the house of Mr. Dost Mohamed Peerbhoy. The guests were received by the Hon'ble Mr. Rafiuddin Ahmed, and Sir John and Lady Muir-Mackenzie were garlanded before leaving by Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim.

On Monday, the 23rd, the members of the Hindu Ladies' Social Club and Seva Sedan presented an address to Lady Muir-Mackenzie, who has always taken a warm interest in Mrs. Ranade's work in this connection. The address was read by Mrs. Bhandarker and Lady Muir-Mackenzie responded with one of those thoughtful and interesting speeches which have earned for her a great reputation as a lady orator.

On Thursday a very pretty wedding was celebrated at St. Mary's Church. The bride was Miss Fitzpatrick, who has lately been staying with Captain and Mrs. Law, and the bridegroom was Mr. Rawlinson, of the Education Service. General Barter gave the bride away and Mrs. Law held a large reception afterwards at her bungalow. This was the first wedding of the season, but invitations have already been issued for two in August.

On Friday Lady Muir-Mackenzie was entertained at a purdha party at the Ladies' Club and last week's farewells, of which only a few have been mentioned, terminated on Saturday night with a dinner at the Gymkhana Club given to both Sir John and Lady Muir-Mackenzie by over sixty members of the Indian Civil Service from all over the Bombay Presidency.

The season's racing opened on Saturday afternoon, and the Club of Western India gave the first of the three ladies' luncheons that have been announced to take place there. The weather looked unpromising in the morning, but except for showers there was no heavy rain until the last race. There is nothing very remarkable to note as regards the dresses, though perhaps that is largely due to the extreme probability of a wetting before the day was over. Certainly those who elected to go in coats and skirts were far the most suitably clad. There were one or two attempts at those tight skirts which excited so much ridicule at home a little while ago, but they can hardly be said to have been successful. It is a fashion which it might have been hoped would not have penetrated to the East, where at any rate ladies before adopting a new mode have time to find out whether it is really a success at home or no. The prevailing colours were those of half mourning. Lady Muir-Mackenzie wore black and white, Mrs. Alderson mauve and Mrs. Sloggett a striking black dress trimmed with jet and sequins. Miss Dillon and Miss Westmacott both wore pretty gowns of white lace and Mrs. Quin and Mrs. Perkins were in that vivid sheen of blue which seems to be fashionable just now.

The Poona and Kirkee foxhounds have been struggling bravely with adverse circumstances, and in spite of the dryness and want of scent managed to give an excellent run on Thursday morning. The meet was at Kalas and nearly a hundred riders turned out for one of the longest, if not the fastest runs of the season. It lasted for one hour and sixteen minutes of slow though steady going with hardly a check and hounds finally ran into the jack on the top of Sisters' Hill, the brush being presented to Mrs. Carmichael, the only lady up.

On Sunday the meet was at Harris Bridge. The hounds drew the babul plantations along the river bank and failing to find tried some nullahs towards Kalas where a fox was soon found who gave an admirable run of six miles over some good country and was finally lost near the jail. On the way home a jack was viewed away and ran straight for the Sisters, but a good part of the field had left by that time. Recent rain has freshened up the country and scent was good and an excellent morning's sport was obtained.

The Poona Gymkhana cricket team put up a good fight against the Baronet C. C. and after losing on the first innings made a very even draw against a fairly strong team. A very fair batting display was given by both sides; but it is obvious that the Gymkhana bowling is very weak and the side would have fared badly without the services of Bapu who was responsible for the capture of no less than nine of the Baronet's wickets.

Next week there are to be Tennis and Badminton handicap tournaments. "The Deceptive East" is to be produced again on August 5; this time at the Gymkhana.

The Horse Show is fixed for the 19th and 20th of September and during that same month there will be the usual Annual Flower Show at the Empress Gardens.

MURDER OF A VILLAGE SCHOOL-MASTER.

Four Accused Committed.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, AUGUST 1.

The four accused who were charged with entering the house of Ramnarain, Headmaster of the village school in Sithauli and murdering him, have been committed to the Sessions under section 460 I. P. C.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

LUCKNOW, AUGUST 1.

The Municipal Board is asking for the extension of the provisions of the Cruelty to Animals Act to Lucknow which deal with inhuman slaughtering of animals and also to enable the police to enter private houses to examine animals suspected of being victims of cruel practices.

UNITED PLANTERS OF SOUTH INDIA.

Annual Meeting.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

BANGALORE, AUGUST 1.

The annual meeting of the United Planters' Association of South India was held this afternoon at Bangalore, Mr. J. A. Richardson presiding, and the amongst those present was the Hon'ble Mr. J. C. Hamilton, Planting Member of Council.

No annual report and statement of accounts having been submitted the Chairman addressed the meeting. He paid a grateful tribute to the late King and then touched on the state and prospects of the various branches of the planting industry. The Association, he said, represented roughly about 41,599 acres of tea in South India. Tea has perhaps never been in a sounder condition, but they should be on their guard and lay aside something against the rainy day. Over-production should be guarded against and he advocated the manufacture of green tea. They should press for the opening of Colombo to Indian teas free of duty and making it reciprocal. Referring to rubber, he said, the estimated crop for the current year from South India would be roughly about 179,400 lbs. Chinchona, pepper, cardamums, and the Planters' Benevolent Fund were alluded to and labour matters also came within Chairman's review.

The Planting Member gave an account of his work and the scientific officer's report was presented. Business for discussion was then taken in hand.

The meetings will be held daily till Thursday. On Wednesday and Thursday mornings there will be a small exhibition of produce samples and of herbarium specimens of leguminous plants at the Association's office when tea samples will also be tested and judged.

HASTING JUTE MILL STRIKE.

Men Return to Work.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 1.

The strike at the Hastings Jute Mill, Rishra, Serampore, has ended. The weavers' grievances were redressed and they resumed work on Saturday. The men in the spinning department, whose services were not required owing to suspension of work for about a week, did not join duty this morning as they wanted to be paid wages for the days they were unable to obtain work.

THE IMPERIAL COUNCIL.

Next Friday's Meeting.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 1.

At Friday's meeting of the Legislative Council the Cantonments and Census Bills will be passed, and the Bill for extending the Seditious Meeting Act will be introduced. Sir V. D. Thackersey and the Prince of Arcot will attend the meeting.

INVESTITURE CEREMONY IN SIMLA.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, AUGUST 1.

The Viceroy holds an informal investiture at Vicereal Lodge here on the 16th instant when the insignia of the various decorations recently conferred will be handed to the recipients, of whom the principal one is Sirdar Kishen Pershad, Bahadur, who is expected from Hyderabad to receive his G. C. I. E.

ARREARS OF COURT-WORK AT RANGOON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

RANGOON, AUGUST 1.

The Kheddah cases, which have occupied the attention of the Chief Court from November last and the recent heavy ordinary Sessions have caused a block in the work of the Court, notwithstanding that three or four out of six Judges are devoting their time to original cases. The work has been so heavy that no inspection work by any of the Judges has been possible for several months past.

RAJENDRAPUR CASE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

DACCA, AUGUST 1.

Srish Chatterji, pleader, moved to-day the Additional Magistrate Mr. Ganga Charan Chatterji, for bail on behalf of Gunendra Sen, who was brought to Dacca, the other day under arrest from Calcutta in connection with the Rajendrapur running train dacoity case. His Honor refused to grant bail as identification proceedings will take place on the fourth of August.

WARWICK MAJOR'S OPERA COMPANY.

"Are You a Mason?"

THE Warwick Major Comedy again drew a large house to the Empire Theatre, Bombay, last evening when they continued their programme with the well-known and favourite farce, "Are you a Mason?" Since its first long run in London, "Are you a Mason?" has never failed to produce long and frequent fun whenever it has been staged. The many absurdities in which it abounds are familiar to every old play-goer. It caricatures in a most laughable way attempts to discover and imitate the secrets of Freemasonary and the ridiculous efforts of two men to deceive each other and their families into believing them brothers of the Order were never better presented than they were last night by Mr. Geo. F. Story and Mr. R. Stephenson. Mr. Kenneth Brampton also had a very humerous part which leads him to masquerade as a dress-maker's fitter and he certainly got the best fun out of every incident in it. The work of these three was splendidly supported by Miss Lilian Lloyd, Miss Minnie Rayner and Miss Maude Drewry and Miss Nina Osborne, the four ladies of non-Masonic family, and altogether last night's audience spent a thoroughly laughable evening. By no means the least successful items in the performance were given by Miss George Corlass, who, although she had no part in the play, introduced special songs and dances in the second and third acts, and was most enthusiastically received on each occasion.

To-night will be produced Carton's four-Act comedy, "Liberty Hall," of which the management have already published a synopsis. It was considered in London the author's best play, and it is quite new to the Bombay public. Wednesday is fixed for "Old Heidelberg" and we are informed that the dozen or more of Bombay amateurs who are assisting are shaping splendidly. Unless the weather becomes too inclement there seems to be every prospect of a very good week for the Company.

THE BISHOP OF LAHORE ON DIVORCE.

The special address by the Right Rev. the Lord Bishop of Lahore on the subject of Divorce at Christ Church, Simla, attracted a large congregation.

After dwelling on the great value to the individual and to the nation of a strong, wholesome, family life, His Lordship said he would consider the question of divorce from two standpoints: (a) the teaching of the New Testament, and (b) the law of the Church regarding it. Dealing with the first point, His Lordship quoted four passages from the Gospels, in two of which the prohibition of divorce was absolute, while in two others it was to be permitted on one ground. His Lordship pointed out that the latter two instances both occurred in the Gospel by St. Mathew, a Gospel which, as all knew, was especially addressed to the Jews; and it was believed by many of the most earnest scholars of the present day that the permission of divorce on one ground was intended to be limited to the Jews and to the Jews only, to whom the more absolute prohibition, as contained in the Gospels by St. Mark and St. Luke, would present peculiar difficulties in view of the authoritative sanction given to divorce and re-marriage in the Old Testament.

Turning then to Church history, His Lordship quoted from the canons of the English Church of 1607 (which was the last authoritative utterance of that Church on the subject), where it had been distinctly laid down that in sentences of divorce, bond should be taken for not marrying during each other's life. And this position was borne out in the marriage service of the English Church at the present day. There remained to consider the question of how far they as clergy of the Church of England and the laymen of that Church, being loyal subjects of their country and King, were bound to maintain and guide their practice by such Acts of Parliament as might be passed in conflict with the law which, as Churchmen, they had received. For his part he would meet that suggestion with the flatest refusal it was possible for him to give. He believed it was simply a case of rendering unto Cæsar the things that were Cæsar's, and to God the things that were God's. No one, Christian or non-Christian, with the New Testament in his hand, could question for a moment that Jesus Christ considered this vital matter of the marriage tie and of the conditions which should characterise it as falling within his own sphere of charge and teaching and as affecting most closely that Kingdom which He came to establish; "and I cannot imagine," added His Lordship, "how any loyal and earnest disciple of our Lord can suppose that in regard to such a subject it is open to us, that we can, without being false to Him, accept for guidance and practice the authority of a body which does not even profess to base its decision on the word of God or to have respect to the laws of His Church, but reaches its conclusions on grounds only of general expediency, or, as it is believed, for the welfare of the State." Parliament was, as they knew, made up of men of almost every forms of religious belief, and what was worse men of no religious belief, whatever. Continuing His Lordship said he valued the principle of church establishment; it was invaluable that the country should have some such recognised and organised body, yet he would infinitely sooner surrender it, with whatever benefits it conferred, than accept the doctrine that the internal life of Christ's holy catholic church should be regulated or administered by the Houses of Parliament, constituted as they now were.

In conclusion, His Lordship urged his hearers to look this question honestly and frankly in the face and to weigh well all the considerations affecting it, and not lightly or thoughtlessly to accept the standard of popular teaching on the subject.

IRANI RESTAURANTS.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—There exist, dotted about the City, a number of Irani Restaurants, which supply a real want in the life of the middle and poor classes generally. With the steady improvement of the city in many respects, "pari passu" these restaurants, in the For', are also keeping apace, so that we now see them equipped with all the innovations of the times. It may, perhaps, not be widely known that there are many men who, through necessity, use these restaurants, as being more economical and convenient than others. Among these are persons resident in the city, bereft of all relatives and depending solely on their own resources and being poorly paid cannot keep a servant, nor still meet the high charges demanded by private boarding-houses; these again are swelled by clerks, artisans and others from the suburbs who come daily to the city to their work and return home in the evening, after partaking of a hot meal during the day which they could not arrange for otherwise; yet, further, students from the moffusil, unable to find accommodation in hostels attached to schools or colleges; and lastly the general public who partake of light refreshments, though as a change from the usual custom of home fare, often partake of food in these restaurants,—so that with all this variety their popularity is beyond question.

This being so, they may also be said to be cosmopolitan—for one cannot fail to see persons of various castes, creeds, and colour (not even the exclusive Brahman excepted) satisfying the needs of the "inner man."

But what is of great benefit to persons of moderate means and others still less well off, are the moderate charges prevalent in these restaurants, so that for something between two and four annas a fairly good meal may be had sufficient to keep one contented for a reasonable time and better prepared for the next "go at it."

These restaurants, therefore, Sir, are indeed a solution to the ever-increasing problem of costly living, although I do not for a moment deny that living is costly, but to show that where there is a great demand for food, the suppliers can supply it cheap, and reap a profit besides. The poor man has therefore much to be thankful for the existence of these restaurants in the city, which cannot be said of other large towns, certainly not of Calcutta, from my own experience a decade ago.

But if, Sir, I have said too much in favour of these restaurants in our city, I should also like to emphasise, through your columns, the need for some supervision over them, to see that sanitary principles are strictly observed and the utensils used for the preparation of food properly tinned, since a large part of the public welfare is here involved, and for this purpose some one ought to be appointed to inspect and inquire periodically into these matters by the authorities licensing the keeping of these restaurants, though the official deputed for this duty need not be a whole-time servant, but remunerated with some allowance for the additional duty, which again could be recovered from the restaurant-keepers by a small increase in the license fee which is now only one rupee per year.

If the authorities named would carry out the suggestion, it would be the means of popularising these restaurants still more among the public, who would then know that their interests are being watched, and all fears from the consequences of neglect on the part of a few restaurant-keepers, whom they have now to depend on, in matters of vital importance conducive to good health, would be dispelled from their minds. In the interests then of both parties some control would be justifiable.—Yours, etc.,

M. L. DOUGLAS.

CALCUTTA SHARE MARKET.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUGUST 1.

The Calcutta share market this week opened with the position unchanged. Coal shares are still in demand with a fair amount of enquiry. Business spread over a number of stocks and prices are well maintained. The following transactions were reported:—

Coal Shares:—Bengal, Rs. 710; Bengal Bhatdee, Rs. 15/4 and 15-4, and Rs. 15-8; East Indian Rs. 34-8; Equitable Rs. 26-8 and Rs. 26-12; Govindpore Rs. 6-10; New Kendah Rs. 5-12, and Rs. 6; New Tetturya Rs. 5-4; Raneegunge, Rs. 18; Singaran B. Rs. 2-4; Sudamdih, Rs. 5-14.

Miscellaneous.—Bank of Bengal, Rs. 1,510.

Government securities.—3 1-2 per cent. Government Paper was quoted at Rs. 96-8 for cash and closed firm at Rs. 96-10 and at Rs. 96-4 to 96-6 for delivery in one month.

SPORTING NEWS.

HARWOOD LEAGUE FOOTBALL.

R. G. A. vs. B. V. A.

There was a fairly good crowd at the Oval on Monday afternoon in spite of the threatening weather, when the Bombay Volunteer Artillery once more supplied one of the leading teams with an opportunity for heavy goal scoring. Their opponents, the Garrison Artillery, being equal on points with the Gloucester Regiment, were, in need of a good goal average and accordingly they did not allow the occasion to pass. During an uninteresting game which was all the duller on account of the heavy ball and sticky ground, they had all the game and scoring six goals in the first half and five in the second were the easiest of winners. Results:—

R. G. A. 11
B. V. A. 0

Teams:—

R. G. A:—Goal, Gair; backs Franklin and Jones; halves, Wiggatt, Watts and Sothcut; forwards, McDonald, O'Keefe, Brooke, Fleming and Hewes.

B. V. A.:—Goal, Winkler; backs: Wardon and Rowe; halves: Dickson, Taylor and Woolley; forwards: Bellomy Roger, White, Gould and Forbes.

BOXING AT CAWNPORE.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CAWNPORE, AUGUST 1.

A boxing and wrestling tournament, open to the Allahabad, Lucknow and Cawnpore garrisons, is being organised by the 2nd Battalion, Gordon Highlanders. The fixture is to take place on the 23rd of August and the three following days. Money prizes will be awarded for each competition, in three classes for heavy, middle, light and feather weights.

ATHLETICS IN POONA SCHOOLS.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

POONA, AUGUST 1.

Superintendents of three of the largest native schools in the city have issued an appeal for funds in aid of Poona Schools Athletic Association. They point out that though the boys of the native schools in the city have gained quite a remarkable series of successes at Schools Athletic Sports during the past few years, showing the keen interest which is now being taken by the lads of these schools in healthier forms of sport, the funds of the Association have hitherto been subscribed to and trophies presented by Europeans and Parsees. This, they say, should not be and they accordingly appeal to the Hindu population of Poona to contribute their share to enable the Association to continue its good work. The Association is in search of a piece of ground, which might be used by all the schools, but its activity is hampered by want of funds.

FOOTBALL IN CALCUTTA.

Final of Shield Tournament.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

CALCUTTA, AUG. 1.

There was a record crowd of quite thirty thousand to witness the final of the Shield tournament between the Calcutta F. C. and the Gordon Highlanders on the Calcutta grounds to-day when a pointless draw resulted. Considering the balance of exchanges over both the periods the Civilians had decidedly a bigger share in the attack and their forwards missed scoring on more than three occasions. The Gordon Highlanders who looked a bit off their colours were mainly on the defensive and their goal had miraculous saves. The play was fast and exciting throughout. The combined efforts of the Calcutta team, specially their defence, frustrating all Gordons' weak incursions. The Civilians' attack, supported by judicious defence, was vigorous and inclusive. Lee, O'Shea, Podlar, Mishir H. Sherman, V. Sherman and Drew played best for the Calcutta F.C., while Kerr, Harper, Findlay, Mackinnon and Gilchrist were most in evidence for the Gordons. Sergt. Curley supervised the game. The re-paly comes off on Wednesday.

RUGBY TEAM TO GO TO CEYLON.

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT.)

MADRAS, AUG. 1,

The Leicester Regiment, stationed at Belgaum, propose sending a Rugby team to Ceylon.

POONA RACES.

First Meeting.

1ST ENTRIES CLOSED ON 26TH JULY.

FIRST DAY, SATURDAY, 3RD SEPTEMBER.

THE YERROWDA PLATE.—Distance—R C and distance, over 7 flights.

Mr A A Apear's br aus g Five Crown by Grafton—Applewoman (4 years)
Mr W T Miles' ch e g Gerrard (aged)
Mr Holmes' b e g Mystic Circle by G'Abbe Morin—Are (aged)
Mr M Gooculdass' ch e m Galloping Girl II (aged)

THE TRIAL PLATE.—Distance—1 mile.

H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's b aus g Kealm (aged)
H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's ch aus g Absentee (aged)
H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's ch aus g Longchamp (6 years)
Mr A A Apear's b aus g Sequent by Malster—Sequel (4 years)
H H Maharaja of Mysore's b e h Eustace by Americus—Wild Cherry (5 years)
H H Maharaja of Mysore's b e g Kismet (aged)
Mr G K's br e g Pelargonium II (aged)
Mr P B Avasia's br n aus g Gallileo (5 years)
Mr A S Oomer's bs aus m Lancasterite (aged)
Mr P M Garda's b e m Lumination (5 years)
Mr P M Garda's b e m Shobham (4 years)
Mr R R S' br e g Sosana by Edgar—Tyranic (4 years)
Mr Kelso's br aus g Paul Pry (5 years)
Mr C R Whittingham's ch e h Fizz (5 years)
Mr A J De Souza's b aus g Lord Merv (aged)
Mr J C Galstaun's ble h Black Wolf (5 years)
H H Jam Saheb's bl aus h Ebullition (aged)
Mr M Gooculdass' b aus g Soult Line (aged)

THE ARAB CHAMPION PLATE.—Distance—R. C. and Distance.

H H Kour Sahib of Patiala's b a g Brigand II aged
Mr Ali bin Talib's b a g Merrily (5 years)
Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Sulaik (4 years)
Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Red 14-0 (aged)
Mr Newton's b a g Shades (6 years)
Mr G K's bah Peculiar (aged)
Mr G K's b a h Parliament (6 years)
Mr Newton's g a h Saif (3 years)
Mr G S Oomer's ch a h Lapwing (4 years)
Mr G S Oomer's b a h The Pilgrim (4 years)
Mr Beg's b a h Famous (aged)
Mr R R S' g a h Precious (aged)
Mr R R S' b a h Sialkote (aged)
The Chief of Manavadar's g a h Straight Tip (aged)
Mr J M Mistry's ch a h Young Salanie (aged)
Mr Heath's g a h Mahra) (5 years)
Mr Abdoola Mistry's g a h Urgent (6 years)
Mr M Gooculdass' ch a h Second Thoughts (aged)

THE DEALERS' NEW PLATE.—Distance—1 1-4 mile

Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Tajilmulook (4 years)
Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Sulaik (4 years)
Mr Ali bin Talib's ch a h Guinea Gold (4 years)
Mr Abdoola Faras' ch a h Artist (5 years)
Mr Abdoola Faras' g a h National (3 years)
Mr Newton's g a h Rustom-i-Hind (4 years)
Mr Newton's g a h Black Pearl (3 years)
Mr G K's ch a h Valens 14-0 (6 years)
Mr S A Wahed's b a h Lord Mayor (4 years)
Mr S A Wahed's b a h Prince Arthur (4 years)
Mr Mahomed Jawad's br a h Conqueror 14-0 (6 year)
Mr J R Raja's ch a h Guinea Mohur 13-3 1-2 (4 years)
Mr J R Raja's g a h Sawyer 14-0 (6 years)
The Chief of Manavadar's g a h Straight Tip (aged)
Mr Mohidin Sulaman's ch a h Uslan (4 years)
Mr M Gooculdass' b a h Asfandier (4 years)
Mr M Gooculdass' b a h Padsha (4 years)

THE MAIDEN PLATE.—Distance 7 furlongs.

Mr Ali bin Talib's ch a h Farrish 14-0
Mr Ali bin Talib's ch a h Regiment 13-3
Mr Hajee Ally Sabakh's g a h Shanwar 13 3
Mr Newton's g a h Azzad 13-3 1-4
Mr Newton's b a h Hurgon 13-3 1-2
Mr G K's ch a h Manlicher 14-0
Messrs S A Wahed and Jawad Mahomed's g a h Fahad Beg 14-0
Mr S A Wahed's br a h Suspense 14-0
Mr Syed Rashid's b a h Bloodaib 13-3 1-2
Mr A W Essa's b a h Fairfield 13-3 1-2
Mr R R S' ch a h Majesty 13-3
Mr R S Forage's b a h Saree 13-3
Mr J R Raja's ch a h Guinea Mohur 13-3 1-2
Mr J R Raja's g a h Sawyer 14-0
Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Siriska 13-3
Mr Ahmed Abdoola's b a h Real Blood 13-3 1-2
Mr Heath's g a h Minerva 13-3
Mr Heath's ch a h Zari 13-3
Mr M Gooculdass' b a h Maimoon 13-3 1-2
Mr M Gooculdass' ch a h Vedas 14-0

THE LILLIPUTS.—Distance—1-2 mile.

Captain J Scott Nimmo's ch a h Minx 13-2 8-4
Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Siriska 13-2
Mr Ali bin Talib's ch a h Amseen 13-2 3-4
Mr Newton's g a h Sheriff 13-1 3-4
Mr A Behman's ch a h Arnica 13-3
Mr Razak's b a h Kelitdar 13-3
Mr A S Oomer's b a g Rajput 13-2 1-4
Mr Kadoo bin Saleh's b a h Hisban 13-2 1-4
Mr Newton's g a h Abdul Malik 13-2 1-2
Messrs J R Raja and S D Gracious' b a h Mezahim 13-2 3-4
Mr Beg's b a h Creditor 13-2 3-4
Mr Beg's g a h Happy Land 13-2 1-4
Mr Noormahomed Beg Mahomed's ch a h Sharar 13-21-2
Mr M Gooculdass' b a h Bay Middleton 13-3

Second Day.

WEDNESDAY, 7TH SEPTEMBER.

THE POONA PLATE.—Distance—About 5 furlongs.

H. H. Kour Saheb of Patiala's ch aus g Longchamp (6 years).
Mr A A Apear's b aus g Sequent (4 years).
Mr G K's b aus g Chivalry (aged)
H H Maharaja of Mysore's b e h Eustace (5 years).
H H Maharaja of Mysore's b e h Kismet (aged)
Mr P B Avasia's ch e m Castalia (aged).
Messrs Heath and A S Oomer b e h Elser 14-2 (3 years).
Mr F M Garda's b e m Lumination (5 years).
Mr F M Garda's br e f Doris by Bill of Portland (3 years).
Mr Leek's bl e m Annamulloch by Dinna Forget—Lady Fatesham (aged).
Mr R R S' br aus g Killua (aged).
Mr R R S' ch e m Cill Dara by Americus—Fama (5 years).
Mr Kelso's br aus g Paul Pry (5 years).
Mr A J De Souza's b aus g Lord Merv (aged).
H H Jam Saheb's bl aus h Ebullition (aged).
H H Jam Saheb's ch aus h Vigorous (5 years).
Mr M Gooculdass' b aus g Soaldine (aged).

THE CRITERION.—Distance.—7 furlongs.

H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's ch aus g Longchamp (6 years).
H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's ch aus g Absentee (aged).
Captain J Scott-Nimmo's ch e m Coal (5 years).
Mr A A Apear's b aus g The Cockatoo by The Possible-Seraph (4 years).
Mr G K's b e m Not Yet (5 years).
Mr P B Avasia's br n am g Gallileo (5 years).
Mr Holmes' b e m Lady Teazle by Trenton—Pentesost (6 years).
Mr G K's ch n am g Coat of Arms (6 years).
Mr Kelso's br aus g Paul Pry (5 years).
Mr Kelso's br e m Pilarity (late St. Narcisse) by St. Serf Queen's Wake (4 years).
Mr J C Galstaun's b e m Sue (5 years).
Mr Homi Bilimoria's ch e g Pincher (6 years).
H H Jam Saheb's bl aus h Ebullition (aged).
H H Jam Saheb's ch aus h Vigorous (5 years).

H H FIRST AGA KHAN'S COMMEMORATION PLATE—Distance 1 1-4 mile.

H H Kour Saheb of Patiala's b a g Brigand II (aged)
Mr Ali bin Talib's b a h Merrily (5 years)
Mr Ali bin Talib's ch a h Guinea Gold (4 years)
Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Sulaik (4 years)
Mr Ali bin Talib's g a h Red 14-0 (aged)
Mr Newton's b a h Peculiar (aged)
Mr G K's ch a m Miss Clare 14 2,
Major Stratton's b e h Topsail 14 1.
Messrs Heath and A S Oomer's b e h Elser 14 2.
Mr R R S' ch aus h Leo Granade by Leolantis—Decoration 14 1 1-4.
Mr R R S' br aus g Comback 14 2.
Mr Kelso's ch aus g Encourage 14 1 1-4.
Mr J C Galstaun's ch e h Wild Boy 14 2.
The Chief of Manavadar's b aus m Golightly (late Norma 14 1 3-4.
The Chief of Manavadar's ch aus g Hydn 14 0.
Mr Aboobuker Abdool, Rahiman's br aus g Koke 14 2.
Mr M Gooculdass' bl aus m Gun Metal 14 1 3-4.
Mr M Gooculdass' b e g Refresher 14 2.
Mr M Gooculdass' b aus m Evening Herald 14 1 1-4.
Mr M Gooculdass' b aus m Pantry Girl 14 2.

FIELD AT THE SPRINGS, BUDA PEST, HUNGARY.

THE WEATHER.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SIMLA, AUGUST 1.

The activity of the monsoon has not changed appreciably, and a depression remains off the Orissa Coast. The rainfall has been nearly general in lower Burma, the southern half of Bengal, the West of the United Provinces, Rajputana the West Coast of the Peninsula, Mysore, the North Madras Coast, and fairly general in Upper Burma, Assam, Gujarat, the Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad, while there have also been a few falls in Eastern Bengal, East Punjab, Central India, and the West Central Provinces.

The principal amounts are:—PortBlair had two inches, Tavoy, three; Jalpaiguri, one and a half; Darjeeling, Narayanganj, Roorkee, Muktesar, and Simla, one; Chakrata, four; Bikaner and Neemuch, one; Surat, three; Karwar and Mercara two; Amraoti and Gopalpur, one and a half.

Forecast.—The rainfall will probably increase in the extreme north and be more widespread in the central parts of the country.

Indian Ocean:—Pressure continues low in Mauritius, Zanzibar and Seychelles. The winds have been approximately normal and the outlook has been changed.

RAINFALL IN BOMBAY.

	Espla. In Cts	Byculla nade In Cts	Fort Colaba. In Cts	In Cts
Previously registered...	36·26	31·84	31·93	30·00
Monday, 1st August.....	3·70	2·96	2·67	2·24
Total	39·96	34·80	34·60	32·24
Same date last year	62·11	58·21	67·26	49·03

MESSRS. KEMP & Co., CUMBALLA HILL

August 1.

Rainfall up to 8 a. m.

Station.	Last 24 hours.	Total to date.	Corpdg. Total 1908.	Corpdg Total 1909.
	In. cts.	In. cts.	In. cts.	In cts.
Cumballa Hill	3·0	37·43	44·94	59·89

Appended is Monday's report of the Meteorological Reporter for Western India based on observation taken at 8 o'clock.

Names of Stations.	Maximum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Minimum temperature during the past 24 hours.	Rainfall past 24 hours.	Rainfall since 1st June to date.
Bushire (31st July)	96·1	84·6	...	...
Jask	92·3	84·8	...	...
Muskat (31st July)	89·3	83·1	...	...
Multan	106·3	89·0	...	0·71
Rawalpindi	96·9	79·9	...	10·93
Lahore	102·4	82·7	...	6·73
Sirsa	101·3	81·1	...	3·60
Ambala	95·5	78·0	...	11·47
Delhi	88·7	77·7	...	7·65
Agra	95·6	78·0	0·29	9·75
Mainpuri	95·8	77·0	0·44	5·28
Jhansi	91·5	80·0	...	9·83
Cawnpore	91·7	76·0	0·01	9·07
Allahabad	95·8	78·5	...	8·06
Jacobabad	110·1	87·8	...	2·00
Karachi	86·0	78·0	...	10·43
Ajmer	87·9	80·2	0·09	9·59
Jaipur	93·2	79·1	0·18	4·10
Kotah	98·0	82·1	...	12·52
Bhuj	92·6	79·0	0·02	14·53
Dwarka	88·3	79·2	0·01	8·47
Veraval	84·6	79·3	0·06	10·03
Bajkot	89·1	75·0	0·49	17·46
Bravnagar Para	84·5	77·0	0·49	17·02
Surat	84·6	76·6	3·15	26·11
Ahmedabad	92·6	76·7	0·04	14·48
Deesa	98·8	76·4	0·35	13·79
Neemuch	93·0	73·8	1·12	16·26
Indore	90·1	73·6	0·05	16·04
Jubbulpore	93·8	76·3	0·07	16·55
Saugor	90·6	75·5	...	11·58
Hoshangabad	92·8	74·9	0·84	20·71
Khandwa	92·2	76·1	...	14·19
Akola	92·2	73·1	3·16	16·36
Amraoti	92·3	72·8	1·12	13·20
Nagpur	91·6	76·3	...	28·08
Chanda	83·5	77·0	...	18·76
Raipur	89·2	76·6	0·52	22·91
Bombay	79·9	75·4	2·24	32·24
Ratnagiri	81·4	74·4	0·83	48·75
Mormugao	79·0	72·7	0·52	50·76
Karwar	80·3	75·0	2·33	80·54
Malegaon	90·4	72·6	0·47	15·18
Ahamednagar	82·4	69·5	...	14·08
Poona	81·0	71·3	0·10	11·98
Sholapur	87·8	71·9	...	8·49
Nipani	82·9	72·0	...	6·57
Belgaum	70·3	67·1	0·84	18·38
Aurangabad	86·7	70·2	0·11	13·54
Nizamabad (Indur)	88·9	75·7	0·50	17·47
Hyderabad	86·3	65·2	0·25	9·91
Mangalore	83·3	70·8	1·08	67·46
Calicut	88·8	74·6	0·11	48·23
Cochin	84·9	77·8	0·47	53·57
Colombo	85·5	74·0	0·14	12·10
Masulipatam	86·8	76·2	0·38	15·86
Bellary	85·0	75·3	...	4·90
Guntakal	90·2	77·1	0·06	10·19
Madras	91·5	75·5	0·48	9·83
Bangalore	77·6	65·8	0·06	13·77
Coimbatore	85·9	72·3	...	3·12
Trichinopoly	95·1	77·3	...	5·89
Negapatam	90·0	76·0	...	8·59

STANDARD BAROMETER READING.

The reading of the barometer at the Colaba Observatory corrected for index error and reduced to 32° F. and for Calcutta standard at 8 a. m. (local time) on the 1st August was 29·674 inches. The height of Observatory barometer cistern above zero of the tide gauge at Apollo Bunder is 47 feet. The height of tide in the stream above zero of the tide gauge was 15 feet at 8 a. m. (local time). The temperature correction for a mercurial barometer, supposing the reading to be 30·00 inches and that of the attached thermometer 80° F. will be ·14 inch and this will be higher and lower by ·01 inch for each 4 degrees. In the case of the aneroid no temperature correction is required. Should the height of barometer cistern, either mercurial or aneroid above zero of tide gauge be different from 47 feet, it will read higher or lower by ·01 inch for each 11 feet. The readings given above are distinct in from those given in the daily weather report, to which different corrections have been applied.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER AND CROP REPORTS, 1ST AUGUST.

Amritsar.—Cloudy, but no rain. Cotton crop excellent. Food-grains doing well.

Hansi.—Showery. More rain wanted generally. Cotton plants want more rain. All crops doing well.

Mooltan.—Bright, no sign of rain. Crop prospects generally good.

Delhi.—Cloudy, but no rain. Rain much needed generally

Agra.—Continues cloudy with drizzle. Cotton sowing making good progress.

Cawnpore.—Seasonable rain has fallen. All crops doing well.

Beawar.—Cloudy, but no rain. Cotton plants want more rain.

Amraoti.—Heavy continuous rain. Cotton plants flourishing.

Khamgaon.—Looks like rain. Unusually hot. Sufficient rain fallen generally. Cotton crop accounts satisfactory. Food-grains prospects improving.

Dhulia.—Sufficient rain fallen generally. Continues cloudy with slight drizzle. All crops doing well.

Jalgaon.—Continues cloudy. Cotton crop excellent.

Broach.—Looks like rain. Showery. Seasonable. Rain general over district. Continues cloudy with slight drizzle. Cotton plants flourishing and healthy.

Viramgam.—More rain wanted generally. Cotton sowing making good progress.

Wadhwan.—Sufficient rain fallen generally. Continues cloudy. Cotton plants flourishing and prospects improving.

Bhavnagar.—Looks like rain. Showery. More rain wanted generally. Cottos plants flourishing.

Barsi.—Looks like rain. Has every appearance of a continued fall.

Sholapur.—Continues cloudy with slight drizzle. Sufficient rain fallen generally.

Hubli.—Has every appearance of a continued fall. Food-grains sowing has made fair progress.

Bellary.—Rain general over district. Cotton sowing making good progress.

BOMBAY DAILY WEATHER REPORT FOR THE 1ST AUGUST.

Summary of observations recorded at 8 hours on Monday, the 1st August, giving data for the preceding 24 hours.

The Punjab.—Skies are heavily clouded in the extreme eastern districts, lightly to moderately clouded in the north Punjab, and clear elsewhere. Humidity is normal or in excess. Maximum temperature is nearly normal; the minimum is in excess in the south-west and north Punjab.

The United Provinces.—Agra reports 0·29" of rain and Mainpuri 0·44". Skies are heavily clouded. The air contains the average amount of moisture. Day temperature is in defect at Agra and normal or in excess elsewhere; night temperature is normal.

Sind and Rajputana.—Bikaner records 1·11" of rain and Jaipur 0·18". Skies are clear in upper Sind and moderately to heavily clouded elsewhere. Humidity is normal. Temperature is in excess in upper Sind and at Kotah, and nearly normal over the rest of the division.

Gujarat, Kathiawar and Central India West.—Rainfall has been fairly general in Gujarat and the adjacent parts of Kathiawar and in the northern half of the west Central India; Deesa has had 0·35", Surat 3·15", Bhavnagar Para 0·49", Rajkot 0·40" and Neemuch 1·12". Skies are generally heavily clouded. The air contains the average amount of moisture. Day temperature is in excess in west Central India and at Deesa and Bhuj; night temperature is normal.

The Central Provinces.—Rainfall has been general in Berar and local elsewhere; Hoshangabad has had 0·84", Akola 3·16", Amraoti 1·63" and Raipur 0·52". Skies are heavily clouded. Humidity and minimum temperature are normal; maximum temperature is 4° to 10° in excess.

The Konkan.—Rainfall has been general; Bombay has had 2·24", Ratnagiri 0·83", Mormugao 0·52" and Karwar 2·33". Skies are generally heavily clouded. The moisture in the air and temperature are equal to the average.

The Bombay Deccan and Hyderabad.—Rainfall has been general in Hyderabad and local in the Bombay Deccan; Malegon has had 0·47", Poona 0·10", Belgaum 0·84", Aurangabad 0·11", Nizamabad 0·50" and Hyderabad 0·25". Skies are moderately to heavily clouded. Humidity and temperature are normal.

General Remarks.—Rainfall has been general on the west coast of the Peninsula and in Hyderabad and nearly so in Gujarat, north Rajputana and on the north Madras Coast. Local rain has fallen in the central parts of the country, the west United Provinces, Kathiawar, and the Bombay Deccan.

Nearly general rain is likely on the west coast of the Peninsula, the central parts of the country, the United Provinces, and local rain in Gujarat, Kathiawar, Rajputana and the Bombay Deccan. A few showers may occur in the east Punjab.

H. A. ARMSTRONG,
Meteorologist, Bombay.

COLONIAL AFFAIRS.

SOUTH AFRICA.

Johannesburg, July 5 (Reuter)—Lord Gladstone, the Governor-General of South Africa, accompanied by Lady Gladstone, held a reception on the occasion of his first official visit to the city. Addresses were presented by the Johannesburg Municipality, the Chamber of Commerce, and other institutions. Replying to the deputations his Excellency said he hoped that the visit would inaugurate a happy and close association between himself and Johannesburg. He found some difficulty in succeeding Lord Selborne. He promised not to neglect Johannesburg, and he recognised that the Mahomedans and British Indians had claims on his attention, and he could not forget his Majesty's Imperial responsibilities or ignore his own. He would observe the coming fight as an impartial South African. Looking back upon the questions in which he had been formerly concerned he did not find that any issue upon which he had fought constituted at present a dividing-line in South African politics. He stood aside, therefore, as a calm spectator. In conclusion he urged the Johannesburgers to bear in mind that, as the population and wealth of their city increased, the more incumbent it became upon them to remember that they did not live for themselves alone.

A speech delivered by General Botha at Johannesburg on July 12 at a meeting in the Wanderers Hall had been looked forward to with the greatest interest, owing to the fact that the Prime Minister was to speak in the English language. Sir Thomas Cullinan presided.

General Botha began by appealing to the sporting instinct of his audience to overlook his shortcoming in English, as this was the first large meeting he had addressed in that language. Dealing with the education controversy, he urged that they should try to bring the whole of the Union to the same good spirit which existed in the Transvaal. His policy and that of his Cabinet was—first equal opportunities of language; secondly, the medium of instruction to be the mother-tongue of the pupil, even if that cost the State a little more than it would otherwise have had to spend; and thirdly, no compulsion. (Cheers.) If these essentials were carried out, he hoped the question would be settled acceptably to all parties. It was unjust and unfair to demand that the Union should repeal General Hertzog's Orange River Act. Supposing it were possible to do so, it would nevertheless be unconstitutional, as would be seen by a reference to Clause 85 of the Constitution. He opposed the separatist schools movement in the Orange River Colony, as it would lead to disunion. "Do not," he said, "let us fight the question on party lines at the expense of our children, or make it an electioneering cry." General Botha expressed himself in favour of a carefully worked out scheme, by which the Government would assist town-dwellers and examiners to obtain plots of land. The Boers would welcome English settlers, and he hoped that the mine-owners would encourage the immigration of white, which would mean the employment of fewer native mine workers. The repatriation of the Chinese had proved to be the best think ever done in the Transvaal. Adverting to the question of racialism, General Botha said that he had always preached co-operation and conciliation, and he paid a tribute to Dr. Jamesen's freedom from racial influences.

The hope that the education trouble might be eliminated from party politics in South Africa seems according to a Johannesburg correspondent, to have vanished with General Botha's speech. "Hertzogism," he says, can hardly fail to loom large in the election campaign.

A pageant organised to celebrate the Union of South Africa will take place at Cape Town in the first week of November on the shores of Table Bay, where several of the actual scenes to be represented probably took place. It will probably last a fortnight. Mr. Frank Lascelles, the master of the pageant at Quebec two years ago, is leaving for South Africa to undertake the same duty at Cape Town. The idea underlying the pageant is to create from the outset of the Union a tradition founded on the actual history of the races of which "the last-born nation of the British Empire" is made up. Not only will all the various discoveries and colonisations of South Africa be depicted, but special scenes in the history of each of the four great States will be introduced. The complete representation of the pageant will occupy two days, on each of which eight episodes will be presented.

Speaking at the Pioneers' dinner at Bulawayo, on July 8, Mr. Coghlan, one of the Rhodesian delegates to the South African National Convention and Mr. Forbes, of the Legislative Council, advocated a waiting policy as regards Rhodesia's entering the South African Union Mr. Coghlan remarked that they would not be cajoled into the Union by fair promises without performances.

CANADA.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, speaking at Fort William, said that there would be no General Election this autumn. He reiterated Canada's determination to assist Great Britain against every foe. He promised the early deepening of the Welland Canal and the construction of the Georgian Bay Canal later. He eulogised King Edward, and added:—"I speak with some knowledge and some authority when I say that our present King is a worthy son of his sire."

The prosperity of Canada is reflected by the June statement issued by the Finance Department. The revenue for the month was £1,922,500, an increase of £337,000. The total revenue for the first quarter of the fiscal year was £5,267,000, an increase of £948,4001. The expenditure for the quarter was £1,766,000 an increase of only £3,100. The capital expenditure for the quarter was £630,000, a decrease of £140,000. The net debt of Canada on June 3, was £64,500,000, a decrease in the month of £446,600.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it "will positively restore in every case Grey or White hair" to its original colour without having the disagreeable smell of most "Restorers." It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "THE MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere. Wholesale Depot 88, Farringdon Road, London, England.

LAW AS A PROFESSION.

The Hon'ble Mr. P. S. Sivaswami Iyer, the Advocate-General of Madras, delivered on the 30th July an interesting address on "Law as a Vocation for Young Men," as the first of a series of popular lectures at the Kellett Memorial Hall, Triplicane.

The lecturer said that the subject was a very large one, but he wished to say some words on two aspects of it only. First as to what prospects the profession offered for a successful career, and, sec

BY THE WAY.

SIR ROBERT PEEL.

Sir Robert Peel was a native of Bury, Lancashire, and a memorial tablet to him is to be erected in the local parish church. The tablet is being given by the rector of Bury, and will bear the inscription, "Sir Robert Peel, Bart, the illustrious statesman twice Prime Minister, wise, brave, just, magnanimous, was born at Chamber Hall, Bury, February 5, 1788; baptised in Bury Parish Church, March 7, 1788. He died in London, July 2, 1850. "He that ruleth over men must be just ruling in the fear of God."

THE "DRUMMER GHOST" OF HURSTMONCEAUX.

Hurstmonceaux Castle, which appears once more to be in the market, apart from historic and architectural importance, is an interesting spot to members of the Society for Psychical Research. It formerly possessed the "Drummer Ghost," a terrible spectre 9ft. high who haunted the "Drummer's Hall," a room between the towers over the porter's lodge, where he beat a mysterious tattoo about midnight. Sometimes he deserted his dismal hall, and strode drumming along the battlements. According to Horace Walpole, this story inspired Addison's comedy of "The Drummer." Sceptics maintained that the ghost was really a gardener, in league with Pevensey smugglers, who adopted this device to frighten away prying people or warn his confederates.

SPEAKING IN MANY TONGUES.

Future candidates for the Presidency of the French Republic will be thinned out if the demand of a French newspaper be accepted—that Presidents should show fluent acquaintance with English and German. There is not a President on record who has reached that requirement. For Presidents are made—self-made—not born. It is the business of a King to learn several languages, and as he is born he is made to talk with many tongues. The Austrian Kaiser is perhaps the most splendid living instance. But Presidents and Ministers are not nursed into multilingualism. Can we put up a Cabinet Minister capable of fluency in three languages?

THE CENTRE OF THE EMPIRE.

The method of reasoning by which Asquith City, in Canada, is said to mark the centre of the Empire, lacks a basis of fact. No part of Canada, and certainly not Saskatoon, near which Asquith has been founded, can be considered as occupying a central position with regard to the rest of the Empire. Perhaps the nearest outpost of Empire to which such an honourable position can be ascribed is Aden at the entrance to the Red Sea, from which Australia is almost as far south-east as Canada is north-west. England, indeed, is nearer the centre than Canada, and Plymouth is almost at the mathematical centre of the land area of the globe.

HIGHER THAN MOUNT EVEREST.

"Travel and Exploration" draws attention to a geographical discovery made by Dr. Tom Longstaff which has attracted singularly little notice. In the course of his exploration of the Karakorams Dr. Longstaff found a vast wall of unknown peaks to the north-east of the Saltoro Pass. The highest of them, which he named Teram Kangri, he estimated before taking his observations, as being over 25,000 ft. high. Actual observations, when worked out, brought out the much higher figure of 28,200ft. A second set of observations, however, taken from a more favourable station, showed the altitude as something like 30,000ft; and as according to the President of the Royal Geographical Society, "Dr. Longstaff manipulated his observations so as to make the mountain appear lower than it otherwise would, a proceeding probably unique in mountaineering annals," there really is a strong presumption that Everest can no longer be regarded as the highest mountain in the world.

A SEA RAILWAY.

Some particulars have been published of the new Florida Sea Railway. It is carried for miles across lagoons, marshes, islets, and a shallow sea, and includes the longest example of bridge-work in the world—one viaduct, with 185 arches, being about three miles long. The cost of these viaducts alone (about ten miles altogether) works out to no less than £100,000 per mile. The line will shorten the journey from New York to Key West by one-third, while, as it is intended to establish a colossal train-ferry between Key West and Havana, travellers from New York will be able to reach the Cuban capital without change of carriage—though not necessarily without sea-sickness.

DESTRUCTION OF EGRETS.

A very emphatic confirmation of the accounts given of the destruction of egrets in Florida has, according to "Country Life," been made by Mr. William Dutcher. He is in a position to speak with authority, as he is a well-known American ornithologist and president of the National Association of Audubon Societies for the protection of wild birds and animals. His description of Florida, therefore, is worthy of attention. Thirty years ago, he says, it was the home of innumerable white herons of two species. Now only a few pairs nest there. Last year he visited the country, and in the course of travelling hundreds of miles in the State saw only twenty or thirty pairs.

SIR CHARLES WYNDHAM AND STAGE FRIGHT.

Sir Charles Wyndham, who has just celebrated his golden wedding, is one of the many famous actors whose "debut" was marred by an attack of stage fright. His first appearance on the boards took place at Washington under the management of John Wilkes Booth, the man who subsequently achieved world-wide fame as the assassin of President Lincoln. The role allotted to young Wyndham was that of a gay young spark from the Southern States, and the words with which he was supposed to make his entrance were: "I am drunk with love and champagnism." When the future knight walked on through the centre entrance and saw the large audience sitting there in front of him, the courage which he had screwed up to its sticking point forsook him and, what was worse, his memory went with it. "I am drunk," he exclaimed, at what with he couldn't for the life of him remember. After a moment's pause he repeated it a little louder, hoping this time to get the ran of the thing. But as to the rest of the sentence his mind was still a blank. He made a third attempt, this time shouting out the words at the top of his voice, but with no better success. And then he gave it up.

"QUITE A NEW IDEA."

An observant American lady is quoted by the Springfield "Republican" as having hit off in small compass the difference of the English and American attitude towards innovations. Describe some cantired scheme to an Englishman, and he will listen coldly and say: "Oh, that's quite a new idea," emphasising the word "quite." An American, on the other hand, will reply hopefully, "That's quite a new idea," with such an emphasis upon "new" as implies that it is likely to be as excellent as it is unfamiliar.

HENLEY REGATTA.

Henley Regatta, instituted in 1839, was the outcome of a desire for the better organisation of the various eight-oared matches which had been taking place on the upper river during the preceding decade. At first there was only one event—the Grand Challenge Cup, which still remains the "blue ribbon" for amateur clubs. The "Town Cup"—known at first as the District Challenge Cup"—was instituted in 1840, and numerous other events were added as the regatta grew in popularity. At first the competitors were drawn exclusively from the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge, and something like a shock was sustained when in 1856 both the University crews were badly beaten by a Chester crew.

DICKENS AND THE R.A.M.

Probably none present at the ceremony of laying the foundation-stone of the new Royal Academy of Music in Nail week recalled Dicken's connexion with the old building in Tenterden-street. The novelist's sister Fanny was one of the first students entered at the R.A.M. when it opened its doors at Tenterden-street in 1822, and at that time the students lived at the Academy, only going home for the weekend. Every Sunday, Dickens told Forster, "I was at the Academy at nine o'clock in the morning to fetch her (Fanny), and we walked back there together at night." And the Sunday itself the two spent—in the Marshalsea Prison, where their father and mother then resided, owing to Mr. Dickens having "failed to propitiate his creditors." While her father was still in prison Fanny won a prize at the Academy, and the future novelist—then engaged in pasting labels on blacking-pots at 7s. a week—was present to see her receive it.

MEN AND MATTERS.

LINGUIST AND POLITICIAN.

One of the most interesting of the recent knighthoods is that conferred upon Mr. John D. Rees. Sir John holds the distinction of being the finest linguist in the House of Commons, if not in England. For a number of years he was Government translator in Tamil, Telugu, Persian, and Hindustani. Moreover, he is an authority on Russian and German. In fact, there is not a European tongue with which he is not conversant. Twenty-six years of Sir John's life were spent in this country where he held various revenue, judicial, and administrative appointments. He acted as private secretary to three governors of Madras, and was attached to the staff of the Duke of Clarence when his Royal Highness visited Southern India. He also served successively with the Earl of Elgin and Lord Curzon. Sir John at the House of Commons is often the despair of the Press Gallery. His speeches, brilliant in satire and ridicule, are delivered in a low vice and in jerky, conversational style. Moreover, they are punctuated by a running fire of comments, interruptions, and sometimes jeers. He has a manner of treading on the toes of his friends as well as on those of his enemies, and, whatever retorts are flung at him, never loses his balance. Only once has Sir John ever shown himself disconcerted. He was in the middle of a particularly satirical speech when a telegram was put into his hands. It announced that he was the happy father of twins.

FAMOUS ORATOR'S VISIT.

America's most celebrated after dinner speaker and "raconteur" Senator Chauncey Depew, has arrived in London. The "joke-smith," as he is called in the States, is a tall, florid, portly veteran, verging on his eightieth year. He has a genial face, and a head completely bald, but finely shaped; altogether, a striking, engaging personality. Senator Depew enjoyed for many years the friendship of the late King Edward. In the Senator's view, King Edward was a greater statesman than Gladstone. "He had the greatest knowledge of world politic of any man of the century," says Mr. Depew, "and he was more of a factor than the Hague Tribunal in maintaining the peace of the world." Mr. Depew has played many parts on the stage of his country for over fifty years. He is a politician, lawyer, diplomat orator, and railway magnate. In these various capacities he has made more speeches on a greater variety of subjects than any man in the world, and he is reputed to have a larger fund of anecdote and interesting talk than any man of his time. One of his best stories is against himself. He attracted the attention, at a friend's house, of a small boy of eight. After he had left, the boy's father said to his son, "That was Chauncey Depew, the world's greatest story teller." A day of two later the Senator happened to be at the same house, and the boy running up to him, said: "I know you." Really, my little man, and who am I?" "Why," replied the lad, "my popa says youre the biggest liar on earth." Mr. Depew is very fond of children. In Baltimore one day he made the acquaintance of a beautiful little girl with yellow hair, This litile girl and I," says the Senator, "talked of a number of things. We deplored many of the evils of modern life. We had a serious and grave discussion. Then for a time, the little girl was silent. She was lost in thought. Finally she sighed and said, "Why can't the toy-shop man call for orders every morning, the same as the butcher and grocer do?" The distinguished visitor is, perhaps, the only man in the world who had been married no fewer than three times to his wife in one day. His first marriage was in the United State Consulate at Nice. The next ceremony was in a Nice Roman Catholic Church—his bride being a Catholic. Then the wedding party went to the Protestant Church, where the third ceremoney took place,

A NICE COME DOWN.

Mr. Marcus Stone, R.A., the famous artist, who celebrated his seventieth birthday the other day, tells a very amusing story about a model he once knew. He was visiting the Zoological Gardens, when he came across a man who had sat for one of his picture "What are you doing now?" asked Mr. Stone. "Last time I saw you was when you were sitting for Mr. Blank for one of his religious pietures." "Yes, sir," replied the model sadly. "An' now I'm cleanin' out the elephants' stables. Nice come down for one of the Twelve Apostles, ain't it, sir?" In his early days Mr. Stone was often in the company of Charles Dickens, who was a great friend of the future artist's father. It was Dickens, indeed, who first encouraged young Stone to become an artist. One day the novelist found the boy illustrating a subject from one of his books, and was so delighted with its cleverness that he begged it as a gift. It is interesting to note that Mr. Stone is almost entirely self-taught; but from his very earliest years he was surrounded by a true artistic atmosphere, for he met at his father's house such celebrities as Mulready and Landseer. Mr. Stone believes that painting is somewhat akin to literature—that is to say, that every picture should tell a little story by itself. "Painting," he has said, "is, after all, only the artists' pen and ink. We would not give much for a man in literature who could write a good hand and spell if he had nothing to say."

GENERAL SCOBELL.

Major-General H. J. Scobell, who is now on his way home from South Africa, distinguished himself in the late war, and was subsequently rewarded with the command of the First Cavalry Brigade at Aldershot, where he further added to his laurels. He tells an amusing story of an incident that came under his notice in South Africa. One of his staff had been rather badly wounded and was sent into hospital. As he grew convalescent he clamoured for solid food and was allowed a little tapioca. When he had devoured this, the officer asked for more, but was told that he could not have any. He grumbled for a moment and then said: "Oh, very well, I suppose I can have something to read?" Upon the nurse assenting and asking what he would like, he replied bitterly: "Well, if I am to read on the same ratio as I am fed, you had better bring me a postage stamp?" It is generally regarded in the service that if a big war came to-morrow, General Scobell would be given command of our principal cavalry force, since he is a born leader of mounted troops in the field. While holding his command at Aldershot he completely baffled so experienced a soldier as Sir Ian Hamilton with the brilliance of his tactics, until at length he caused his opponent to complain that he seemed to be "all over the shop with his blessed cavalry."

ROCKEFELLER'S RESCUER.

The story of how the Rev. C. F. Aked, who recently passed through this country on his way to Switzerland, was appointed pastor of the American millionaire's church in Fifth Avenue, New York, is an interesting one. Mr. Rockefeller, the famous American Oil King, and a personal friend of Dr. Aked's, was at his wits' end how to cope with his vast wealth. For a number of years he had given away money industriously, yet when at the end of 1904 he found that he had only dispensed £7,000,000, he became discouraged, and organised a charity syndicate. But even this was unable to cope with the millionaire's fast-growing income—he was at that time making £4,000 a day—and so Mr. Rockefeller invited Dr. Aked, who was then a little known pastor in Liverpool, to come to America officially as pastor of the millionaire's chapel, but in reality to help him distribute his vast fortune. Since then Dr. Aked has distributed millions of the Oil King's money in wholesale distributions to educational and missionary organisation at home and abroad. Dr. Aked has the reputation of being one of the most outspoken clerics of the day. On one occasion, when exception was taken to an especially outspoken diatribe that he made on the Boer War at his Liverpool chapel, he had to run the gauntlet for a mile and a half of all sorts of missiles, many of which were dangerous enough to have killed him outright. The front of his house was almost wrecked by the riotous mob although Dr. Aked had the satisfaction of knowing the front teeth out of one coward who struck at him in the dark as he left his carriage. Like Mr. Asquith, Mr. Birrell, and others Dr. Aked has the distinction of having added a new word to the English language. The word is "Christocentric," and he recently applied it to Christians whom one would call over-zealous or eccentric.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you broken in your rest by a sick child suffering with the pain of cutting teeth? Go at once to a chemist and get a bottle of Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. It will relieve the poor sufferer immediately. It is perfectly harmless and pleasant to taste, it produces natural, quiet sleep by relieving the child from pain, and the little cherub awakes as bright as a button. It soothes the child, it softens the gums, allays all pain, relieves wind, regulates the bowels, and is the best known remedy for dysentary and diarrhœa, whether arising from teething or other causes. Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is sold by medicine dealers every where.

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But a useful every-day article that has come to stay amongst up-to-date approved wrist wear.

SQUARE WRIST WATCHES.

The movements are specially made with a view to securing that accuracy and reliability in time-keeping which characterises our productions. No machinery has as yet been erected which could strike off the cases wholesale, like buttons or current coins. These watches for the moment therefore are exclusive in design.

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STERLING SILVER.
Large or Small with leather or Silk Sides, Rs. 70; with Web Side Rs. 105.
18ct Gold LARGE SIZE, Leather or Silk Sides, Rs. 260.
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15ct. Web Sides 18ct. Watch Rs. 365.
18ct Watch and Web Sides, Rs. 390.

QUAINT IN SHAPE. CLASSIC IN APPEARANCE. ORIGINAL IN DESIGN.
These features influence attention and excellence of time-keeping influences admiration.

WE CLAIM ORIGIN OF INTRODUCTION OF ALL WRIST WATCHES.

FIRST WITH
The Military Model.
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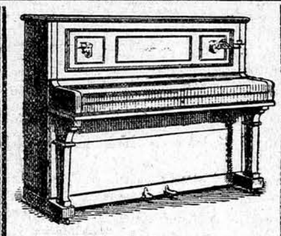

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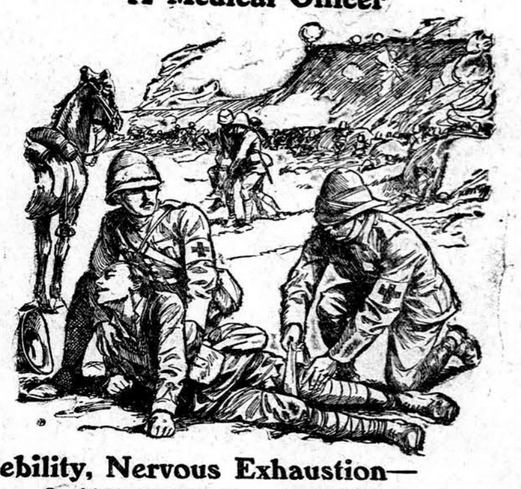

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